MONG RETHTHY INVESTMENT CAMBODIA OIL PALM CO. LTD. (MRICOP)

RSPO Membership No: 1-0109-11-000-00

PLANTATION MANAGEMENT UNIT MRICOP Grouping Palm Oil Mills & Estates

Choeung Kor Commune, Prey Nop District, Sihanouk Province, Cambodia



Assessment Report

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ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE ASSESSMENT (ASA-03) Cum EXTENSION OF SCOPE

ASSESSMENT REPORT

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Choeung Kor Commune, Prey Nop District, Sihanouk Province, Cambodia

Certificate No:RSPO 928088Issued date:15 Aug 2012Expiry date:14 Aug 2017

Assessment Type

Initial Certification (Main Assessment)

Extension of Scope

Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-01)

Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-02)

Cum Extension of Scope

Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03)

Cum Extension of Scope

Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-04)

Re-Certification

Assessment Dates

24-28 Apr 2012

06 Aug 2012

22-25 Apr 2013

07-11 Jul 2014

06-09 Jul 2015

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1.0 SCOPE OF ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE ASSESSMENT

1.1 Introduction

This Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03) cum Extension of Scope was conducted on the Plantation Management Unit (PMU) Mong Reththy Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd. (hereafter abbreviated as MRICOP), from 06 - 09 July 2015, to assess if the organization's operations of the mill and its supply bases were in compliance against the RSPO Principles and Criteria (Apr 2013), Cambodian Local Indicators (2014) and the ratified requirements of RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard (Nov 2014) for Palm Oil Mill.

The plantation management unit (PMU) or management unit of MRICOP grouping now comprises of two (2) palm oil mills and a common supply base of three (3) estates. The MRICOP grouping has met the eligibility criteria for a Multiple Mill certification as was confirmed by the RSPO Secretariat on 21 March 2015.

Thus the extension of scope assessment is to also verify compliance to the Multiple Mill Certification requirements.

1.2 Location (address, GPS and map) of palm oil mill and estates

MRICOP grouping comprises of two (2) palm oil mills namely a) Monorum POM and b) Anlong Kropeu POM and three (3) estates as indicated in Table 1 below, which includes the addresses and GPS locations of the mill and estates. The Anlong Kropeu POM is a new mill included for extension to the scope of approval for Multiple Mill Certification during this assessment.

The location maps are provided in **Appendix C.**

Table 1: Address of Palm Oil Mill, Estates and GPS Location

Name	Address	GPS Reference	
Name	Address	Latitude	Longitude
Monorum Palm Oil Mill Capacity: 30 MT/hour	Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd., National Road 4, Monorum, Choeung Kor, Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Cambodia.	10° 57' 34.9" N	103° 54' 28.2" E
Anlong Kropeu Palm Oil Mill Capacity: 45 MT/hour	MRT-TCC Sugar Investment Co. Ltd., National Road 4, Anlong Kropeu, Choeung Kor, Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Cambodia.	10°49' 04.2" N	103°48' 33.1" E
Estate A (Tapoa)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 49' 04.2" N	103° 48' 33.1" E
Estate B (Svay)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 52' 15.5" N	103° 51' 05.3" E
Estate C (Anlong Kropeu)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 57' 34.9" N	103° 54' 28.2" E

1.3 Description of supply base (fruit sources)

The supply base, i.e. FFB sources to the 2 mills under the MRICOP Grouping are entirely from the 3 common supplying estates as mentioned above.

Estate A and Estate B are owned by MRICOP whilst Estate C is managed by MRICOP but owned by MRT-TCC Sugar Investment Co., Ltd (MTSI). MTSI's shareholders are the Thai Charoen Corporation Group (TCC) Group



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and Mong Reththy Group (MRT) on a 75% and 25% ownership basis. Both MRICOP and MTSI are under the joint ownership of MRT Group and TCC Group.

FFB supply from Estate A and Estate B (under MRICOP) had commenced since year 2000, whilst supply from Estate C had commenced since year 2011. The necessary documentation and public notification under the RSPO New Planting Procedures for the extension of plantation development and supply from Estate C was submitted to RSPO on 15 May 2012 and was approved without any issues forthwith for the previous surveillance assessments. Further extension of scope was conducted as part of previous year's surveillance assessment ASA-02 for the increase in planted hectarage due to additional ongoing New Planting at Estate C. Public notification under the RSPO New Planting Procedures for the extension of plantation development of Estate C was submitted to RSPO on 06 Jun 2014 and was approved without any issues.

The supply base i.e. FFB sources to the POM PMU are from the abovementioned 3 estates only. Verification done on site during this Assessment confirmed that there were no out growers / independent suppliers / smallholders involved in the supply of FFB to the said PMU.

Details of the planted hectarage at MRICOP are as shown in Table 2 below.

Area Summary (ha) - Current Area Summary (ha) - Previous FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 **Estate Certified Area Planted Area Certified Area** Planted Area 6,705.47 4,073.68 6,705.47 4,073.68 Estate A (Tapoa) 4.265.09 7,655.87 4,265.09 Estate B (Svay) 7,655.87 Estate C (Anlong Kropeu) 10,470.09 10,470.09 6.608.14 7,811.23 Total: 24,831.43 14,946.91 24,831.43 16,150.00

Table 2: Estate Area Summary

Notes:

- 1. This Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03) covered the overall land use for oil palm plantation areas, and the identified Conservation areas including HCV areas marked out at the estates.
- 2. The estates sampled for this Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03) have been selected based on their potential risks on social, environmental and biodiversity issues such as their proximity to forest reserves, hill sides, riparian zones and high conservation value areas.

1.4 Summary of plantings and cycle

The 3 estates have been developed beginning from 1997 and are still in the 1st cycle of planting. The age profile is as shown in Table 3.

Estate Name	Year of Planting	Cycle of Planting	Mature OP (ha) - Above 3 years	Immature OP (ha) - 3 years & below
Estate A	1997-2008, 2010	1 st	4,073.68	0.00
Estate B	1997-2010, 2012	1 st	2,991.31	1,273.78
Estate C	2008-2010, 2011-2014 onwards	1 st	4,746.01	3,065.22
		Total	11,811.00	4,339.00

Table 3: Age Profile of Planted Oil Palm FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015



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1.5 Summary of Land Use, Conservation and HCV Areas

The summary of Land Use, Conservation and HCV Areas as identified in MRICOP during this Annual Surveillance Assessment is as shown in Table 4 below:

Table 4: Conservation and HCV Areas

#	Statement of Land Use (Ha) - Estate A, B and C	FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 (ASA-02) Hectarage – Ha	FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 (ASA-03) Hectarage – Ha
1	Planted Area (ha) – Oil Palm	14,946.91	16,150
	- Mature	9,795.38	11,811
	- Immature	5,151.53	4,339
2	Conservation Area (ha)		
	- comprising buffer zones along small streams, hilly areas, swampy and unplantable areas	2,051.41	2,051.41
3	HCV Area (ha)		
	comprising buffer zones near forest reserves, water catchments, burial & religious sites	2.36	2.36

Notes:

- Significant portions of the land have been occupied by the local villagers and communities, for more than 5 years, which were left unplanted and maintained as such.
- Conservation areas are principally water bodies such as natural and dug up ponds and buffer zones along river tributaries and streams.
- The small HCV area is a Khmer soldiers' burial site in Estate C.

1.6 Other certifications held and Use of RSPO Trademarks

MRICOP PMU currently has no other certifications. The RSPO's trademarks and logo are not being used by the PMU audited. Instructions for use were provided and acknowledged by the PMU through a signed Memorandum of commitment agreeing to adhere to the latest "RSPO Rules on Communications & Claims".

1.7 Organizational information / Contact Person

Name: Mr. Sumate Pratumsuwan

Designation: Managing Director – Agricultural / Oil Palm

Full Address: Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd

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1.8 Tonnages Verified for Certification

1.8.1 The breakdown of all the tonnages of FFB from the supply base to the 2 POMs respectively based on the reporting period for FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 are as follows:

Table 5A: Total FFB tonnages for Monorum Mill (1 July 2014 - 30 June 2015)

#	Estate /Supplier	FFB Processed (MT)	Main Receiving Mill	Certified By
1.	Estate A	45,779.53	MRICOP POM	Intertek
2.	Estate B	25,355.87	MRICOP POM	Intertek
3.	Estate C	8,904.69	MRICOP POM	Intertek
	Total	80,040.09		

Table 5B: Total FFB tonnages for Anlong Kropeu Mill (1 July 2014 - 30 June 2015)

#	Estate /Supplier	FFB Processed (MT)	Main Receiving Mill	Certified By
1.	Estate A	13,535.69	MTSI POM	Pending
2.	Estate B	8,187.72	MTSI POM	Pending
3.	Estate C	23,555.50	MTSI POM	Pending
	Total	45,278.91		

1.8.2. Total annual certifiable tonnages of FFB supplied to the MRICOP POMs during the previous assessment period, current surveillance period and next projected period are as follows:

Table 6: Comparison of FFB Tonnages

FFB Supplying Estates	FFB Processed in FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual			FFB Processed in FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 Actual		FFB Processed for FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected	
	MT	%	MT	%	MT	%	
Estates A, B & C to Monorum POM - Certified	127,948.41	100	80,040.09	63.87	41,355	30	
Estates A, B & C to Anlong Kropeu POM - Certifiable	NA	0	45,278.91	36.13	96,495	70	
Other External Supplier - Uncertified	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	127,948.41	100	125,319.00	100	137,850	100	
SCCS Model for POMs	IP/SG		IP		IP		

Note: During this surveillance assessment the certified supply base was assessed against the requirements for the Identity Preserved (IP) Module as specified in RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard (SCCS) for CPO mill. (See Section 3.1.1)



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1.8.3 The annual certifiable tonnages of CPO and PK production at the respective Mills from the supply base as assessed during the previous assessment period, current surveillance period and next projected period are as per the Tables below:

Table 7A: Comparison of Certifiable CPO & PK Tonnages - Monorum Mill

РОМ	FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual		FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 Actual		FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected		
Total Certifiable FFB Processed (MT)	127,948.41		80,040.09		41,355		
Total Certifiable CPO	IP 21,279.66	OER:	4.4.5.40.00	OER:	7,526.61	OER:	
Production (MT)	SG 1,774.45	18.0%	14,545.06	18.17 %	7,320.01	18.20%	
Total Certifiable PK	IP 4,217.92	KER:		2 009 10	KER:	1 571 40	KER:
Production (MT)	SG 351.72	3.57%	3,008.10	3.76 %	1,571.49	3.80%	
SCCS Model for POM	IP/SG		IP		IP		

Table 7B: Comparison of Certifiable CPO & PK Tonnages - Anlong Kropeu Mill

РОМ	FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual		FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 Actual		FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected		
Total Certifiable FFB Processed (MT)	Not Applicabl	ot Applicable (NA) 45,278.91 96,495		45,278.91			
Total Certifiable CPO	NA	OER:	DER: NA 8,584.88	OER:	18,334.05	OER:	
Production (MT)	NA	NA		18.96%		19.0%	
Total Certifiable PK	NA	KER:		2 004 22	KER:	4 242 20	KER:
Production (MT)	NA	NA 2,001.33		4.42%	4,342.28	4.5%	
SCCS Model for POM	-		IP		IP		

Note: The production data for FFB has been divided as the estates are currently supplying to both the Mills.

The total production output from the MRICOP grouping from the estates and mills are as per below:

Table 7C: Comparison of Total Certifiable CPO & PK Tonnages

РОМ	FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual	FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 Actual	FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected
Total Certifiable FFB Processed (MT)		125,319	137,850
Total Certifiable CPO	IP 21,279.66	23.127.96 25.860.66	
Production (MT)	SG 1,774.45	23,127.96	25,000.00
Total Certifiable PK	IP 4,217.92	E 000 42	5 042 77
Production (MT)	SG 351.72	5,009.43	5,913.77
SCCS Model for POM	IP/SG	IP	IP



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1.9 Time Bound Plan for Other Plantation Management Units

At present, there are no other management units owned under MRICOP.

1.10 Abbreviations Used

СВ	Certification Body	KER	Kernel Extraction Rate
CLI	Cambodian Local Indicators	LTA	Lost Time Accidents
CHRA	Chemical Health & Risk Assessment	MRICOP	Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd.
СРО	Crude Palm Oil	MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheets
CSDS	Chemical Safety Data Sheets	MTCS	Malaysia Timber Certification Scheme
CSPO	Certified Sustainable Palm Oil	MTSI	MRT-TCC Sugar Investment Pte. Ltd
CSPK	Certified Sustainable Palm Kernel	NCR	Non-Conformance Report
EFB	Empty Fruit Bunch	NGO	Non-Government Organization
EHS	Environmental Health & Safety	OER	Oil Extraction Rate
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment	OHS	Occupational Health & Safety
ETP	Effluent Treatment Plant	PEFC	Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification
FFB	Fresh Fruit Bunch	PK	Palm Kernel
GAP	Good Agriculture Practice	PMU	Plantation Management Unit
HCV	High Conservation Values	POM	Palm Oil Mill
Intertek	Intertek Certification International Sdn Bhd	POME	Palm Oil Mill Effluent
IPM	Integrated Pest Management	PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
ISCC	International Sustainability & Carbon Certification	sccs	Supply Chain Certification Standard
IUCN	International Union for Conservation of Nature	SOP	Standard Operating Procedures



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2.0 ASSESSMENT PROCESS

2.1 Assessment Methodology, Plan and Site Visits

Since 3 June 2015, Intertek has initiated public communications and notifications and invited the relevant stakeholders before the assessment to provide feedback and comments on their concern (if any) on MRICOP regarding the environmental, biodiversity, community development and other relevant issues.

From 6 to 9 July 2015, the Assessment team of Intertek conducted the Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03) cum Extension of Scope in which 2 out of the 3 estates of MRICOP namely Estate A and Estate C as well as the two (2) palm oil mills namely Monorum POM and Anlong Krapeu POM, were assessed for compliance against the RSPO requirements. The Extension of Scope is to verify compliance of changeover to the Multiple Mill Certification requirements to include the 2nd mill i.e. Anlong Krapeu POM into the MRICOP grouping.

The number of estates sampled was based on a minimum sample of $0.8\sqrt{y}$ where y is the number of management sub-units and the selection was made based on their potential risks on social, environmental and biodiversity issues such as their proximity to forest reserves, hill sides, riparian zones and high conservation value areas.

During the on-site assessment, relevant documents and records, including Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), management plans, hectarage development, FFB, CPO and PK production, oil palm age profile, operational controls and measures, operational data and records, training records, etc. were reviewed and verified for compliance. The Assessment team using the process approach auditing technique covered the palm oil mill and estate operations, agricultural practices, pest management, pesticide and fertilizer application, occupational health and safety, social accountability, environment and other requirements. Stakeholders' interviews were conducted during the assessment and feedback obtained as part of information and evidence gathering. (See section 2.5 Process of stakeholder consultation).

MRICOP Palm Oil Mill was assessed against the requirements for the Identity Preserved (IP) Module as specified in RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard (SCCS) for CPO mill. This part of the assessment covered the implementation of documented procedures, verification of processing and traceability of FFB into CPO and PK, and availability of records to demonstrate compliance against all the elements of the **Identity Preserved (IP) Module** in accordance with the RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard (SCCS) requirements. Verified activities and checked items for the SCCS of the POM are reported in **section.3.1.1**.

After completion of the on-site field assessment, Intertek also performed the evaluation of conformity against the RSPO Certification System requirements for CB. The assessment report, findings and associated documents were evaluated through an independent review by the Intertek Internal Technical Reviewer/Panel prior to the approval of this report and decision on continued certification by Intertek.

The details of the Assessment Plan (actual on-site) are provided in Appendix B.

2.2 Date of next scheduled visit

The next scheduled visit will be the Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-04) which will be carried out within the 9 to 12-months period from the date of initial issuance of the certificate.

2.3 Qualifications of the Lead Assessor and Assessment Team

Competency details of the Lead Assessor and Assessment Team are given in Appendix A.

2.4 Certification Body

Intertek Certification International Sdn Bhd [formerly known as Moody International Certification (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd] is part of the Intertek Group, which is a worldwide technical services organization dedicated to reducing clients' risks by providing technical inspection services, management system certification in quality, environmental, occupational safety & health and product certification, RSPO SCC, ISCC, Marine Sustainability Chain-of-Custody, MTCS and PEFC Chain-of Custody certification in applicable industry sectors including the agricultural and forestry sectors. Intertek operates globally providing clients with a wide-ranging technical inspection expertise and access to thousands of skilled specialists worldwide. Intertek Group's certification business is ranked in the top 10 worldwide, and is available globally offering certification across a wide range of industries.



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2.5 Process of stakeholder consultation

Stakeholder consultations began with notification of the upcoming assessment through the websites of Intertek, MRICOP and RSPO. E-mails were sent to applicable stakeholders including government agencies, NGOs and local communities. Feedbacks received prior to the actual assessment on-site were followed up accordingly.

During the assessment, stakeholders were interviewed and their feedbacks were recorded. Among the stakeholders consulted were workers, trade union leaders, women representatives; local community leaders, representatives of government departments / agencies. NGOs, suppliers and contractors.

Details on stakeholders' feedback, PMU response and Intertek verification / comments are provided in section 3.3.

Among the list of key stakeholders consulted are the following:

Government Ministries / Agencies (by emails)

- 1. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries
- 2. Ministry of Industry, Mines & Energy
- 3. Ministry of Health
- 4. Ministry of Wildlife Protection
- 5. Ministry of Women Affairs
- 6. Ministry of Environment
- 7. Ministry of Immigration
- 8. Ministry of Labour & Vocational Training

NGOs (by emails)

- 16. World Wildlife Fund (WWF) Cambodia
- 17. Conservation International, Cambodia
- 18. CEDEC, Cambodia
- Association of Protection Development for Cambodia Environment (APDCE)
- 20. Cambodia Farmer Economic Development (CFED)
- 21. Cambodian Human Rights and Development Association (ADHOC)
- 22. Cambodian Labour Organization (CLO)
- 23. Cambodian League for the Promotion & Defence of Human Rights (LICADHO)
- 24. Cambodian Rural Economic Development Organization (CREDO)
- 25. Cambodían Sanitation and Recycling Organization (CSARO)
- 26. Centre d'Etude et de Développement Agricole Cambodgien (CEDAC) Cambodia
- 27. Conservation International (CI) Cambodia
- Cooperation for Development of Cambodia (Co-DeC)
 Culture and Environnent Preservation Association (CEPA)
- 30. Development and Partnership in Action (DPA)
- 31. Fisheries Action Coalition Team (FACT)
- 32. Gender and Development for Cambodia (GAD/C)
- 33. Healthcare Centre for Children (HCC)

Others interviewed during on-site assessment

- Gender Committee Members
- Workers representativesCommune Heads
- Village Heads

- 9. Ministry of Land
- 10. Ministry of Economy & Finance
- 11. Ministry of Rural Development
- 12. Ministry of Water resource and Meteorology
- 13. Department of Forestry, Cambodia
- 14. Department of Wildlife & Biodiversity, Cambodia
- 15. Council for Agriculture and Rural Development (CARD)
- 35. Human Resource and Rural Economic Development Organization (Hurredo)
- 36. Human Rights Vigilance of Cambodia (Vigilance)
- 37. Indigenous Community Support Organization (ICSO)
- 38. Khmer Community for Agricultural Development (KCAD)
- 39. Khmer Farmers Association (KFA)
- 40. Khmer Institute for National Development (KIND)
- 41. Legal Aid of Cambodia (LAC)
- 42. NGO Committee on the Rights of the Child (NGO-CRC)
- 43. NGO Forum of Cambodia
- 44. Hand of God, Cambodia
- 45. Wildlife Alliance, Cambodia
- 46. Organization for Assistance of Children and Rural Women (CWARO)
- 47. Provincial Governor of Sihanoukville
- 48. Urban Poor Women Development (UPWD)
- 49. Violence Against Women and Children of Cambodia (VAWCC)
- 50. Wildlife Alliance Cambodia
- 51. World Wide Fund (WWF) Cambodia (Phnom Penh)
- School Principals
- Clinic doctors
- Suppliers / Contractors
- Contractors (for field workers)



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3.0 ASSESSMENT FINDINGS

3.1 Summary of findings

Principle 1: Commitment to transparency

	e information to relevant stakeholders on environmental, so appropriate languages and forms to allow for effective partic	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
1.1.1 There shall be evidence that growers and millers provide adequate information upon request for information on (environmental, social and/or legal) issues relevant to RSPO Criteria to relevant stakeholders for effective participation in decision making. Minor Compliance	Documented procedure SOP-GA-020 dated 02 Jan 2012 established and implemented for providing such information to relevant stakeholders upon request. The mill and estate management have responded constructively and promptly to requests for information from all stakeholders. For the period Jul 2014 to Jun 2015, requests were recorded in the "Request and Response for Information and Site Visit" form and responded with actions such as road improvement for villagers and access to drinking water at the mills for contractors at the mills.	Complied
1.1.2 Records of requests for information and responses shall be maintained. Major Compliance	The PMU maintained an updated list of internal stakeholders, external stakeholders, government departments/agencies, consultants, contractors, suppliers, transporters, etc. Stakeholders' consultation held with records of stakeholders' feedback (positive and negative), and management action plan recorded.	Complied
	available, except where this is prevented by commercial co	l onfidentiality or
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
1.2.1 Management documents that are made available to the public shall include, but are not necessarily limited to: Land titles/user rights (Criterion 2.2); Major Compliance	The PMU had established & documented information of land titles, health and safety plan, plans and impact assessments relating to environment and social impacts, pollution prevention plans; details of complaints and grievances; negotiation procedures and continuous improvement plan that are available to the public and also for internal reference. MRICOP website https://www.mricop.com.kh has a transparency statement that the various types of mandatory documents are publicly available. Copies of the land titles were available and have been maintained at the Mill and estates: The lands in Estates A and B are via a Land Concession Contract dated 09/01/1996 between the Cambodian Ministry of Agriculture, Fishery and Forest (AFF) and MRICOP for a period of 70 years commencing 1997 with use of the lands for agriculture. Ownership of Estate C freehold land for agriculture use is via a purchase document	Complied

complied with FPIC requirements (see also C2.3.1).



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Occupational health and safety plans (Criterion 4.7); Major Compliance	Detailed documented plan of OSH was reviewed and updated in Apr 2015. The Risk Assessment (Hazard Identification, Analysis and Risk Control) had included controls implemented at the new POM at Anlong Krapeu.	Complied
	Accident and Emergency Procedure SOP-GA-021, was available.	
	OSH policy and plans were implemented and included activities such as:	
	- OSH/ESG (Environment, Social, Gender Subcommittee.	
	- Safe Work Practices / Safe Job Procedures	
	- PPE at Mill and estates	
	- Health medical check-up (annual)	
	- Emergency preparedness	
	- First Aid	
	- Fire extinguisher	
	- Ambulance services	
Plans and impact assessments relating to environmental and social impacts (Criteria 5.1, 6.1, 7.1 and 7.8); Major Compliance	Environmental and Social Impacts Assessment and Management Plans for the Mills and estates were reviewed in Apr 2015 and progressively implemented. The annual SEIA review was additional to the EIA/SIA carried out by Green Consultancy Group. Environmental impact improvement items included: - Environmental & Biodiversity Policy stated (include zero burning, compliance with laws, HCV, Best Agriculture Practice). - Environmental Aspects and Impacts - Pollution Prevention & Mitigation Plans Social impact improvement items included: - Stakeholder consultations on land ownership, availability of resources (firewood, water & road access) - Employment opportunity & wages - Contribution to the community (sports facilities & festivities) - Housing for workers	Complied
 HCV documentation summary (Criteria 5.2 and 7.3); Major Compliance 	Based on the internal SEIA survey and evaluation, there was only a small HCV area at this PMU, which is the Khmer soldiers' burial site.	Complied
go. Compilation	The New Planting area in Estate C did not contain any HCV as reported by the Environmental/HCV consultant report dated 06 Jun 2014.	
	It is verified during current assessment on site that there is no change to the HCV area.	
Pollution prevention and reduction plans (Criterion 5.6);	Pollution Prevention & Mitigation Plans for the POMs were reviewed on 7 & 10 Apr 2015 for both mills.	Complied
Major Compliance	Key pollutants such as discharge to water ways, emissions to air, contamination to land, and noise pollution were identified.	
	Action Plans, Monitoring and Management Program, Continuous Improvement Plans for pollution prevention identified, implemented and monitored.	
	Pollution Prevention Plan for MRICOP Plantation Estates A, B & C were reviewed on 14 – 16 Apr 2015.	



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	Documented pollution prevention and reduction plans include measures for pollution control, pesticides reduction, plantation waste management, schedule wastes and domestic wastes disposal, reuse and recycling. Action Plans, Monitoring and management Program, Continuous Improvement Plans for pollution prevention identified, implemented and monitored.	
Details of complaints and grievances (Criterion 6.3); Major Compliance	Complaints and grievances process flowchart and its details are defined in SOP-GA-019. MRICOP has included the necessary details including identifying a corporate representative / coordinator, for handling complaints and grievance. For the period Jul 2014 to Jun 2015, the complaints received from field conductors and workers at the estates for increase in wages due to higher cost of living were responded by management. Adjustment of the salary and wage structure based upon the years of service and skill level was verified from the pay slips and records sighted during assessment.	Complied
Negotiation procedures (Criterion 6.4); Major Compliance	Negotiation process flowchart and its details are defined in SOP-GA-022. MRICOP has applied the process for land acquisition and compensation for the land bought from the villagers in Estate C that complied with FPIC requirements (see 2.3.1).	Complied
Continual improvement plans (Criterion 8.1); Maior Compliance	The PMU has identified and implemented Continuous Improvement Plans for both the POM and Estates.	Complied
Major Compliance Public summary of certification assessment report; Major Compliance	Public summary of certification assessment reports are available in the company website. These reports may be available from the company upon request.	Complied
Human Rights Policy (Criterion 6.13). Major Compliance	The Human Rights Policy was documented on 19 June 2015 and communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations. Copies of the policy found to be displayed at prominent locations in the POMs and estates. Action was taken on Observation: OCL-01 issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02).	Complied
Criteria 1.3 Growers and millers commit to ethica	I conduct in all business operations and transactions.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
1.3.1 There shall be a written policy committing to a code of ethical conduct and integrity in all operations and transactions, which shall be documented and communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations. Minor Compliance	The Policy of commitment to a Code of Ethical Conduct and Integrity was documented on 19 June 2015 and signed by the MRT-TCC Group CEO. The policy was communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations. Copies of the policy found to be displayed at prominent locations in the POMs and estates.	Complied
minor compilation	Action was taken on Observation: OCL-02 issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02).	



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Principle 2: Compliance with applicable laws and regulations

Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
2.1.1 Evidence of compliance with relevant legal requirements shall be available. Major Compliance	Compliance with land titles and user rights evidenced from the Land Concession Contract dated 09/01/1996 between the Cambodian Ministry of Agriculture, Fishery and Forest (AFF) and MRICOP for Estates A and B and land ownership of Estate C freehold lands via a purchase document with land tiles. Environmental and Social Impact Assessments confirmed activities to be in compliance with laws and sub decrees related to environment and social issues. Licenses and permits for operations are valid and displayed at the Monorum and Anlong Kropeu POMs respectively. A list of applicable laws and sub decrees is available and reviewed, at least annually for updates by the Head of Quality & Sustainability Management (Mr. Khiev Sothy). No change in laws for the period Jul 2014 to Jun 2015.	Complied
	Based on the site observations, interviews and records checking at the field and mill, there were evidences of compliance with the applicable local, national laws and legal requirements detailed in the Cambodia Local Indicators.	
	Cambodia is listed by the United Nations as under the 'Least Developed Country' – LDC status and is exempted from full compliance with the applicable ratified International Conventions.	
2.1.2 A documented system, which includes written information on legal requirements, shall be maintained. Minor Compliance	The listing of all the relevant laws applicable included the international laws and conventions ratified by the Cambodian government are documented in the Legal Register.	Complied
2.1.3 A mechanism for ensuring compliance shall be implemented. Minor Compliance	MRICOP has established a documented system explaining the mechanism for identifying, determining, reviewing and updating applicable legal and other requirements that the PMU has subscribed (Document Ref. rev06, 2014 "Mechanism for Implementation of Legal Requirements and System for Tracking Changes in the Law). MRICOP's SOPs provides the mechanism for the implementation of the applicable laws. Monitoring of compliance by departments and RSPO Sustainability Core Team.	Complied
	Operating licenses and permits were displayed, renewed and evidenced to be valid. Statutory returns were settled and receipts filed were sighted.	
	Based on the site observations, interviews and records updated, the system used is appropriately tracking the operations at the PMU.	
2.1.4 A system for tracking any changes in the law shall be implemented. Minor Compliance	Monitoring of changes to the applicable laws and regulations carried out through periodical review in accordance with the documented procedure/mechanism and last performed on 01 Jul 2015.	Complied



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demonstrate that they have legal, cus	tomary or user rights.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
2.2.1 Documents showing legal ownership or lease, history of land tenure (confirmation from community leaders based on history of customary land tenure, recognised Native Customary Right (NCR) land) and the actual legal use of the land shall be available. Major Compliance	Legal ownership of the land and land tenure for Estates A and B as evidenced by the Land Concession Contract between the Cambodian Ministry of Agriculture, Fishery and Forest (AFF) and MRICOP dated 09/01/1996 for a period of 70 years commencing 1997 with use of the lands for agriculture. There is no further land dispute in Estates A and B. Legal ownership of Estate C freehold land for agriculture use evidenced by a purchase document dated 27/07/2011. Estate C was previously cultivated with sugarcane.	Complied
	The original copies are maintained by the corporate head office. The legal use of the land was confirmed for agricultural use. Copies of land titles verified to be in order.	
2.2.2 There is evidence that physical markers are located and visibly maintained along the legal boundaries adjacent to state land, NCR land and reserves. Minor Compliance	It was verified that there has been no change to the stated land titles and designated use for agricultural use. Boundary stones including other markers such as roads and trenches were found to be visually maintained and were within the perimeters as indicated in the land concession/title. The audit team verified that no planting was done beyond the legal boundary. Legal boundary markers were sighted and maintained along the perimeters of estate lands which were mapped with a differential Global Positioning System	Complied
2.2.3 Where there are or have been disputes, additional proof of legal acquisition of title and evidence that fair compensation has been made to previous owners and occupants shall be available, and that these have been accepted with free, prior and informed consent (FPIC). Minor Compliance	(GPS). The mechanism to solve the land conflict is established and in place (SOP-GA-22 Land Compensation and Negotiation Procedure Flow Chart). MRICOP had initiated negotiation and compensation process to resolve some land compensation claims with villagers at Estate C in 2013-2014. There was evidence of satisfactory resolution of the claims was reported in the previous assessment (see 2.3.1). It is verified that there are currently no new land compensation claims.	Complied
2.2.4 There shall be an absence of significant land conflict, unless requirements for acceptable conflict resolution processes (see Criteria 6.3 and 6.4) are implemented and accepted by the parties involved. Major Compliance	Confirmed that there are no significant land conflicts. There is no new claim in the year 2015.	Complied
2.2.5 For any conflict or dispute over the land, the extent of the disputed area shall be mapped out in a participatory way with involvement of affected parties (including neighbouring communities and relevant authorities where applicable). Minor Compliance	The process of participatory mapping was seen in the resolution of the claims reported in the previous assessment (see 2.3.1).	Complied
2.2.6 To avoid escalation of conflict, there shall be no evidence that oil palm operations have instigated violence in maintaining peace and order in their current and planned operations. Major Compliance Criteria 2.3	There was no instigated violence seen in the resolution of the claims reported in the previous assessment.	Complied



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prior and informed consent.		
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
2.3.1 Maps of an appropriate scale showing the extent of recognised legal, customary or user rights (Criteria 2.2, 7.5 and 7.6) shall be developed through participatory mapping involving affected parties (including neighbouring communities where applicable, and relevant authorities). Major Compliance	There are no customary lands in the concession areas (Estate A and B) and legally owned land (Estate C). Cultivation of oil palm in these lands has not diminished any legal rights of villagers either. The claims for compensation by some villagers for an area of 979.90 ha in Estate C have been resolved as seen in the resolution of the claims reported in the previous (ASA-02) assessment. It is verified that there are currently no new land compensation claims in 2015.	Complied
2.3.2 Copies of negotiated agreements detailing the process of free, prior and informed consent (FPIC) (Criteria 2.2, 7.5 and 7.6) shall be available and shall include: a) Evidence that a plan has been developed through consultation and discussion with all affected groups in the communities, and that information has been provided to all affected groups, including information on the steps that shall be taken to involve them in decision making; b) Evidence that the company has respected communities' decisions to give or withhold their consent to the operation at the time that this decision was taken; c) Evidence that the legal, economic, environmental and social implications for permitting operations on their land have been understood and accepted by affected communities, including the implications for the legal status of their land at the expiry of the company's title, concession or lease on the land.	Mapping of the lands involved the land acquisition was jointly carried out with the villagers agreeable to selling the lands. Negotiated agreements, transfer of lands and full payment complied with the process and requirements of FPIC were properly resolved as was reported in the previous assessment (see 2.3.1).	Complied
Minor Compliance 2.3.3 All relevant information shall be		Complied
available in appropriate forms and languages, including assessments of impacts, proposed benefit sharing, and legal arrangements.	Relevant information pertaining to the land acquisition mentioned and legal arrangements, including transfer of legal land titles were found available as was reported in the previous assessment.	Complied
Minor Compliance 2.3.4 Evidence shall be available to		Complied
show that communities are represented through institutions or representatives of their own choosing, including legal counsel.	For the land acquisition mentioned above, the villagers were represented by the Village Head of their own choosing as was reported in the previous assessment.	Complied
Major Compliance		



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Principle 3: Commitment to long-term economic and financial viability

Criteria 3.1 There is an implemented management plan that aims to achieve long-term economic and financial viability.		
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
3.1.1 A business or management plan (minimum three years) shall be documented that includes, where appropriate, a business case for scheme smallholders. Major Compliance	Verified that presently, there is only one PMU owned by MRICOP. Currently the MRICOP grouping comprise of 2 POMs and 3 common supply base estates (Estates A, B and C) which still meet the requirements of 4.2.3 and 4.2.4 of RSPO Certification Systems Standard. There are no scheme smallholders in the PMU. The Management cum Business Plans has documented details of the 5-year Cash Flow Budgets for year 2015 to 2019 covering the 2 mills and estates A, B and C. The management plans included items such as the planted areas, areas for harvesting, FFB harvesting (MT FFB/ha), CPO production, %OER, PK production, %KER, revenue, direct costs, indirect costs, net profit, development costs and net cash flow. Mill operational budget/cost include production, maintenance and renewal of permits. Estate operational budget/cost in Estates A, B and C include labour, transport, agrochemicals, fertilizers and other costs documented for operations such as spraying, slashing, weeding, drainage, manuring mulching, pruning, pest disease control, roads and bridges construction and maintenance. New planting, Immature and Mature estate areas upkeep cost/ha and Harvesting cost.mt were also documented. The budget also provided for annual social and environmental programs.	Complied
3.1.2 An annual replanting programme projected for a minimum of five years (but longer where necessary to reflect the management of fragile soils, see Criterion 4.3), with yearly review, shall be available.	Annual replanting programme had been projected up to year 2022 subject to yearly review. Currently, no replanting is required as first planting started in year 1997.	Complied
Minor Compliance		



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Principle 4: Use of appropriate best practices by growers and millers

Criteria 4.1 Operating procedures are appropriate	ly documented, consistently implemented and monitored.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.1.1 Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for estates and mills shall be documented. Major Compliance	The mills and the estates had a copy each of the Standard Operating Procedures and these had been verified to be in order.	Complied
4.1.2 A mechanism to check consistent implementation of procedures shall be in place. Minor Compliance	The mechanism to check the implementation of SOPs was available. Records had been kept by the staff concerned for each operation to monitor the procedure and progress of work, and these records would be checked by the Assistant Manager and the Manager regularly. These records had been verified to indicate satisfactory implementation during the visit.	Complied
4.1.3 Records of monitoring and any actions taken shall be maintained and available, as appropriate. Minor Compliance	The records of monitoring and the actions taken had been maintained for more than 12 months on Monorom mill and estates concerned. Anlong Kropeu mill started trial run in 2 nd half of 2014, and records had been maintained since then. These records had been verified to be satisfactory.	Complied
4.1.4 The mill shall record the origins of all third-party sourced Fresh Fruit Bunches (FFB).	The mills only processed the crop from the group estates.	Complied
sustained yield. Indicators	here possible improve soil fertility to, a level that ensures opt	Compliance
4.2.1 There shall be evidence that good agriculture practices, as contained in Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), are followed to manage soil fertility to a level that ensures optimal and sustained yield, where possible.	GAP for minimization of soil erosion and maintenance of soil fertility is maintained via the frond stacking and fertilizer application as per the recommendations provided by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery, Cambodia in the earlier years, and then by Prince of Songkla University, Songkla, Thailand this year.	Complied
Minor Compliance	On Estate C, Cover crop planting was in progress for 2014 new planting. Planting of cover crop was delayed in 2014 due to long dry spell from Dec 2014 to March, 2015.	
4.2.2 Records of fertiliser inputs shall be maintained. Minor Compliance	Records of fertilizer application had been verified to be in order.	Complied
4.2.3 There shall be evidence of periodic tissue and soil sampling to monitor changes in nutrient status. Minor Compliance	Leaf sampling and analysis had been carried out annually to determine the nutrient levels for fertilizer recommendations that aimed to sustain the long term soil fertility and nutrient efficiency	Complied
•	For 2015, leaf sampling and analysis had been carried out by Faculty of Natural Resources, Prince of Songkla University, Thailand.	
	Soil survey and analysis for Estate C and Estate A had been carried out in February, 2015 by Agricultural Technical Service Provider from Phnom Penh, and report on the survey was completed in June, 2015.	



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4.2.4 A nutrient recycling strategy shall be in place, and may include use of Empty Fruit Bunches (EFB), Palm Oil Mill Effluent (POME), and palm residues after replanting. Minor Compliance	EFB had been applied around the palm circle in the 2014 new planting on Estate C. Monorom Mill POME land application had been carried out in Estate B, Div B3 Blocks Y and Z in Feb, March, April and September, 2014 over 15.45 ha. Block Ha. Y1 1.06 Y2 2.82 Z1 6.38 Z2 5.19 Anlong Kropeu Mill – POME land application budgeted in Field S14, P 14, O 11, O 12, N12, on Estate C over 161.07 ha. Application for approval from the respective authority was in progress. To-date, only 48.72 ha was applied with POME. There will be an increase in the applied area when the furrows	Complied
Criteria 4.3	are ready in the fields concerned.	
Practices minimise and control erosion	n and degradation of soils.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.3.1 Maps of any fragile/marginal soils shall be available. Major Compliance	Soil map showing 453.52 ha of fragile soil in Divisions C2 and C3 on estate C and in Division A1 and A2 on estate A had been verified. Fragile soil areas in ha: Div C2 Div C3 Div A1 Div A2 Total ha Estate C 219.40 234.12 453.52 Estate A 10 11.57 21.57 Grand Total 475.09 Mitigating measures such as planting of leguminous cover crop, application of EFB, stacking of fronds, and fertilizer applications had been planned and carried out as and when applicable to improve the soil conditions.	Complied
4.3.2 A management strategy shall be in place for plantings on slopes between 9 and 25 degrees unless specified otherwise by the company's SOP. Minor Compliance 4.3.3 A road maintenance programme	Planting terraces had been constructed on land with slope > 10°. Records and maps on terraces constructed had been verified on Estate C. On Estate A, the estate's topography was generally flat and therefore no terrace was required. There was no soil erosion noted during the visit. Road maintenance programme and work done records	Complied
shall be in place. Minor Compliance	had been verified to be in order.	Compilou
4.3.4 Subsidence of peat soils shall be minimised and monitored. A documented water and ground cover management programme shall be in place. Major Compliance	There was no peat soil on estates A, B and C. This had been confirmed during field visit. Thus this is not applicable.	Not applicable
4.3.5 Drainability assessments where necessary will be conducted prior to replanting on peat to determine the long-term viability of the necessary drainage for oil palm growing. Minor Compliance	As above.	Not applicable



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4.3.6 A management strategy shall be in place for other fragile and problem soils	There was no acid sulphate soil on Estates C and A.	Complied
(e.g. podzols and acid sulphate soils).	Frond stacking and fertilizer application based on foliar analysis were carried out to maintain the soil fertility.	
Minor Compliance	·	
Criteria 4.4 Practices maintain the quality and ava	ilability of surface and ground water	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.4.1 An implemented water management plan shall be in place.	Water management plan was in place and verified to be in order.	Complied
Minor Compliance		
4.4.2 Protection of water courses and wetlands, including maintaining and restoring appropriate riparian and other buffer zones (refer to national best practice and national guidelines) shall be demonstrated.	Buffer zones which were marked at the estates were maintained with no application of agrochemicals for the protection of the water courses.	Complied
Major Compliance		
4.4.3 Appropriate treatment of mill effluent to required levels and regular monitoring of discharge quality, shall be in compliance with national regulations (Criteria 2.1 and 5.6). Minor Compliance	In Monorom Palm Oil Mill, water samples had been taken at monthly interval before land application (Feb to April, 2014) or at the discharge point of effluent pond only when there was discharge of effluent. Samples had been taken for February, March, April and from June to September, 2014. BOD levels had been in the range of 24 ppm in July and 195 ppm in March with an average of 95 ppm for the year 2014. The upper limit specified by Cambodian Government was 500 ppm for land application and 80 ppm for discharge to water way. In Anlong Kropeu Mill, BOD levels were between 115 ppm (Dec 2014) and 440 ppm (Apr 2015). BOD figures	Complied
	were high due to running of new mill, and facilities for POME treatment were still in progress due to teething problems.	
4.4.4 Mill water use per tonne of Fresh Fruit Bunches (FFB) (see Criterion 5.6) shall be monitored.Minor Compliance	In Monorom Mill, monitoring of water usage in the mill averaged at 2.68 m³/tonne FFB for 2014. The level of water usage was high in Monorom Mill compared to the industrial norm due to supply for domestic consumption had been included with the use of only one water meter.	Complied
	In Anlong Kropeu Mill, the water consumption was averaging at 0.74 m³/tonne FFB.	
Criteria 4.5 Pests, diseases, weeds and invasive i Management techniques.	introduced species are effectively managed using appropriate	e Integrated Pest
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.5.1 Implementation of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) plans shall be monitored.	Records on planting of beneficial plants had been verified on the estates.	Complied
Maian Cananilla	Pest infestation was minimal on the estates.	
Major Compliance	Programme for planting of beneficial plants such as Cassia cobanensis, and Antigonon leptopus, and records on areas planted had been verified together with the respective maps to be satisfactory.	
4.5.2 Training of those involved in IPM implementation shall be demonstrated.	Training records for personnel on IPM implementation were available and was verified on-site to be satisfactory	Complied



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Minor Compliance	during field assessment.	
Criteria 4.6	ot endanger health or the environment.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.6.1 Justification of all pesticides used shall be demonstrated. The use of selective products that are specific to the target pest, weed or disease and which have minimal effect on non-target species shall be used where available.	Written justification in Standard Operating Procedures of all agrochemicals use had been reviewed and found acceptable.	Complied
Major Compliance		
4.6.2 Records of pesticides use (including active ingredients used and their LD50, area treated, amount of active ingredients applied per ha and number of applications) shall be provided. Major Compliance	Records of pesticides and their active ingredients used, LD50, area treated, amount of a.i. applied per ha, and number of applications had been maintained and kept since 2011. Verified that records of monitoring were satisfactorily.	Complied
4.6.3 Any use of pesticides shall be minimised as part of a plan, and in accordance with Integrated Pest Management (IPM) plans. There shall be no prophylactic use of pesticides, except in specific situations identified in industry's Best Practice.	It had been the policy of the estates to minimize the use of pesticides in accordance with integrated pest management. No prophylactic use of pesticides had been carried out at the estates for the period concerned.	Complied
Major Compliance 4.6.4 Pesticides that are categorised as		
World Health Organisation Class 1A or 1B, or that are listed by the Stockholm or Rotterdam Conventions, and paraquat, are not used, except in specific situations identified in industry's Best Practice. The use of such pesticides shall be minimised and eliminated as part of a plan, and shall only be used in exceptional circumstances. Pesticides selected for use are those officially registered under the Pesticides Act 1974 (Act 149) and the relevant provision (Section 53A); and in accordance with USECHH Regulations (2000). Minor Compliance	It is the policy of the group to discontinue the use of Paraquat since February, 2012. Verified that this policy has been adhered to on-site.	Complied
4.6.5 Pesticides shall only be handled, used or applied by persons who have completed the necessary training and shall always be applied in accordance with the product label. Appropriate safety and application equipment shall be provided and used. All precautions attached to the products shall be properly observed, applied, and understood by workers (see Criterion 4.7). Major Compliance	All pesticide operators had been given training on the handling and application of the pesticides. Appropriate safety and application equipment had been provided and used by the operators. All precautions attached to the products had been observed, applied, and understood by the workers. Programme and training records had been verified to be satisfactory.	Complied
4.6.6 Storage of all pesticides shall be according to recognised best practices. All pesticide containers shall be properly disposed of and not used for other purposes (see Criterion 5.3). Pesticides shall be stored in accordance to the Occupational Safety and Health Act 1994 (Act 514) and Regulations and Orders, Pesticides Act 1974 (Act 149) and Regulations.	Storage of pesticides found to be in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Laws and Regulations and local laws on pesticides control.	Complied



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Major Compliance		
4.6.7 Application of pesticides shall be by proven methods that minimise risk and impacts. Minor Compliance	Pesticides had been applied using the proven methods (Best Management Practices) that minimize risk and impacts.	Complied
4.6.8 Pesticides shall be applied aerially only where there is documented justification. Communities shall be informed of impending aerial pesticide applications with all relevant information within reasonable time prior to application. Major Compliance	The PMU does not practice aerial application of pesticides. This practice has been adhered.	Complied
4.6.9 Evidence of continual training to enhance knowledge and skills of employees and associated smallholders on pesticide handling shall be demonstrated or made available. (see Criterion 4.8). Minor Compliance	Periodic training on pesticide handling had been carried out. Information on the pesticides displayed on the notice board and next to the pesticides in the store.	Complied
4.6.10 Proper disposal of waste material, according to procedures that are fully understood by workers and managers shall be demonstrated (see Criterion 5.3).	Drums had been punctured with holes at bottom and kept in the store. Some of the 20 litre drums were reused for holding diluted chemical mixture for spraying.	Complied
Minor Compliance	The mills are also keeping the containers for hazardous chemicals in the store until the relevant authority comes out with a guideline on the procedure for disposal.	
4.6.11 Specific annual medical surveillance for pesticide operators, and documented action to treat related health conditions, shall be demonstrated.	Estate C had sent 50 workers on 22-6-2015, 3 on 29-6-2015 for medical surveillance. Monorom Mill sent 4 workers on 29-6-2015 for medical	Complied
Major Compliance	surveillance Estate A sent 36 workers on 13-6-2015 for medical surveillance. Anlong Kropeu Mill sent 2 workers on 20-6-2015 and 11 workers on 4-6-2015 for medical surveillance The medical results have indicated that all the workers were still fit to perform their respective work including the	
	pesticide sprayers. Action was taken on Observation: CFK-01 issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02).	
4.6.12 No work with pesticides shall be undertaken by pregnant or breast-feeding women. Major Compliance	Verified from records, field and mill inspections and interviews that no pregnant or breast-feeding woman had been offered work which required her to handle hazardous chemicals.	Complied
Criteria 4.7		
Indicators	n is documented, effectively communicated and implemented Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
The occupational health and safety plan	,	•
shall cover the following: 4.7.1 An occupational health and safety policy shall be in place. An occupational health and safety plan covering all activities shall be documented and implemented, and its effectiveness	Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) plan in compliance with OSH Act and Factory Machinery Act was documented and implemented.	Complied
	OSH policy was clearly displayed at POM and in estates office. Workers had demonstrated awareness towards occupational safety and health policy.	
monitored. Major Compliance	Risk assessment carried out on all operations where health and safety is an issue (e.g. noise exposure, pesticides/chemicals exposure, accident, fire).	
	POM & its estates established their accident reporting	



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KPI, and incident monitoring implemented.

Procedures and actions documented and implemented on the issues concerned.

Awareness and training programmes planned for year 2015 was consistently implemented. Evidence of training on safe working practices for workers involved in pesticides spray, use of fire extinguishers, awareness & understanding of MSDS/CSDS, First Aid boxes were sighted at both POM & estates.

Precautions attached to products properly observed and applied to workers in all estates

Appropriate PPE (safety boots, safety helmets, rubber boots, cartridge masks, safety goggles, gloves) verified to be provided. Ear protective device put on by workers working at engine rooms POM.

There were records maintained for the yearly audiometric test conducted for the listed mill workers.

The results indicated that there were no issues of any hearing impairment suffered by the workers.

Companies had provided the appropriate PPE at the place of work to cover all potentially hazardous operations such as pesticides application, and harvesting.

The Safety & Health officer was responsible for overall in change of safety and health planning, operation & coordination.

Adequate fire extinguisher and hose reels found to be located at strategic locations, operational and maintained in good conditions.

Training for estate workers in First Aid was carried out in 2015 and records maintained. A total of 77 fire extinguishers were utilized at strategic areas in the POM and Estates. First Aid equipment was available at POM, estates and at worksite. Samples of First Aid boxes were checked and contents found to be complete and in usable order, i.e. at Estate C and Estate A when harvesting and weeding activities were in progress during field visit.



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4.7.2 All operations where health and safety is an issue shall be risk assessed, and procedures and actions shall be documented and implemented to address the identified issues. All precautions attached to products shall be properly observed and applied to the workers. Major Compliance	All operations had been risk assessed, documented and implemented. All precautions attached to the products had been observed and applied to the workers through MSDS. However during the field inspection some practices were observed to be non-complying. Thus a Nonconformance was issued as follows: - In Field J20 and Field N20 on Estate C, the harvesters did not wear safety helmet although they had been provided with it. - On 7-7-2015, while travelling along the government road next to Estate B from Sihanouk Veil to Estate C office, it was noted that a group of harvesters were harvesting the tall palms with sickle, and they were not wearing safety helmet. - On 8-7-2015, in Field F6 and Field H4 on Estate A, where activities such as FFB harvesting, slashing of woody plants, and road side pruning of fronds were in progress, most of the workers were not wearing protective hand gloves. - Estate A Management did not provide safety helmet to visitors visiting the field where safety helmet would be needed e.g. tall palm harvesting area, as a safety precautionary measure.	Major NC# CFK-01
4.7.3 All workers involved in the operation shall be adequately trained in safe working practices (see Criterion 4.8). Adequate and appropriate protective equipment shall be available to all workers at the place of work to cover all potentially hazardous operations, such as pesticide application, machine operations, and land preparation, harvesting and, if it is used, burning.	Awareness and training programme had been carried out. All workers involved had been adequately trained in safe working practices. Appropriate PPE had been provided to all workers at the place of work to cover all potentially hazardous operations.	Complied.
Major Compliance		
4.7.4 The responsible person/persons shall be identified. There shall be records of regular meetings between the responsible person/s and workers. Concerns of all parties about health, safety and welfare shall be discussed at these meetings, and any issues raised shall be recorded.	At the Monorom and Anlong Kropeu Mills; and Estates A and C, regular OSH meetings between responsible persons and the workers had been carried out at quarterly intervals. Thus, Major NC: CFK-01 issued in 2014 (ASA-02) had been effectively closed.	Complied
Major Compliance		
4.7.5 Accident and emergency procedures shall exist and instructions shall be clearly understood by all	Accident and emergency procedures had been written and briefed to staff, workers, contractors and visitors.	
workers. Accident procedures shall be available in the appropriate language of	Workers trained in First Aid were present in the mill and field operations.	
the workforce. Assigned operatives trained in First Aid should be present in both field and other operations, and first	Records on all accidents had been verified to be maintained satisfactorily.	
aid equipment shall be available at worksites. Records of all accidents shall be kept and periodically reviewed.	Quarterly review on accident cases had been carried out during quarterly meeting of Environment, Safety, & Health (ESH)	
Minor Compliance	First Aid Kits were available at the Mills and estates. It is noted that several items were used but regular checking not recorded. Also there was no list of items for checking and topping up of the medicines	Observation# CFK-01.
	in the kits.	



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	Thus an Observation: CFK-01 was raised.	
4.7.6 All workers shall be provided with medical care, and covered by accident insurance.	Medical care had been provided to all the workers. Local workers are covered by National Social Security Fund.	Complied
Minor Compliance	Cambodia-Vietnam Insurance PLC healthcare insurance had been provided to the staff in addition to NSSF.	
4.7.7 Occupational injuries shall be recorded using Lost Time Accident (LTA) metrics.	Records on Lost Time Accident (LTA) metrics had been verified to be satisfactory.	Complied
Minor Compliance		
Criteria 4.8 All staff, workers, smallholders and co	ntract workers are appropriately trained.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
4.8.1 A formal training programme shall be in place that covers all aspects of the RSPO Principles and Criteria, and that includes regular assessments of training	A formal training programme on all aspects of RSPO Principles and Criteria has been established and implemented.	Complied
needs and documentation of the programme. Major Compliance	Training for various categories of operators, including all field and office staff, with regards to their duties and training needs had been reviewed and found acceptable.	
4.8.2 Records of training for each employee shall be maintained.	Records for training attended by individual employee had been verified.	Complied
Minor Compliance	Action was taken on Observation: CFK-02 issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02).	

Principle 5: Environmental responsibility and conservation of natural resources and biodiversity

Criteria 5.1 Aspects of plantation and mill management, including replanting, that have environmental impacts are identified, and plans to mitigate the negative impacts and promote the positive ones are made, implemented and monitored, to demonstrate continual improvement.		
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
5.1.1 An environmental impact assessment (EIA) shall be documented. Major Compliance	Documentation on the SEIA for Monorum POM, Estates A, B and C done in 2011 was available and maintained. Additional SEIA for the Anlong Kropeu POM was also documented in Nov 2014 by a locally recognized EIA consultant company i.e. Green Consultancy Group Ltd, Cambodia. The SEIA reports were reviewed in April 2015 and were noted to have covered the impacts on the extended planting areas at Estate B and Estate C. The Cambodian Sub-Decree No-72 (Environmental Impact Assessment) was also referred to in the report. Contents of the EIA report had included the following matters: The laws related to environment and pollution. Positive and negative impacts of aspects were assessed with mitigation plans. The soils with geology and parent materials were documented. The polluting activities with direct impact on water bodies and air. The wildlife, flora and fauna and its classification of rare, threatened and endangered species (RTE)	Complied

potentially existing in and around the vicinity of the



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	extended areas.	
5.1.2 Where the identification of impacts requires changes in current practices, in order to mitigate negative effects, a timetable for change shall be developed and implemented within a comprehensive action plan. The action plan shall identify the responsible	Environmental aspects & impact risk assessment were carried out and covered in the Environmental Management and Monitoring Plans at both the Mills and estates. The plans were sufficiently comprehensive and persons responsible i.e. the respective Mill Managers and Estate Managers were identified.	Complied
person/persons. Minor Compliance	The plans had included the aspects and impacts identified from field activities that include fertilizing, spraying, transportation of FFB, garbage disposal and road maintenance. Action plans and recommendations in order to mitigate negative effects and promote positive ones such as sewage, landfills and conservation activities applicable to the entire PMU was monitored.	
5.1.3 This plan shall incorporate a monitoring protocol, adaptive to operational changes, which shall be implemented to monitor the effectiveness of the mitigation measures. The plan shall be reviewed as a minimum every two years to reflect the results of monitoring and where there are operational changes that may have positive and negative environmental impacts. Minor Compliance	The documented environmental plans and monitoring of operational changes was reviewed on an annual basis. Implementation on the effectiveness of mitigation measures was also reviewed. Reviews were done by the respective Mill Managers and	
	Estate Managers for year 2015. Details of daily operational activities and its aspects of negative and positive impacts including fertilizer usage, pesticide spraying, waste disposal and environmental emissions at the mills and estates.	
	At both the Mills, the monitoring of air quality emissions from the stack discharge had commenced and reports made available for year 2014. For year 2015, it is to be conducted in August 2015.	
	Action was taken on Observation: AL-01 Item (1) issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02).	
	However, action taken on Observation: AL-01 Item (2) issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02) was not effective. Thus, a non-conformance was issued (see Minor NC# SH-02 against Indicator 5.3.3).	

shall be identified and operations managed to best ensure that they are maintained and/or enhanced.

Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
5.2.1 Information shall be collated in a High Conservation Value (HCV) assessment that includes both the planted area itself and relevant wider landscape-level considerations (such as wildlife corridors).	The EIA report of Sep 2011 and supplementary done in Nov 2014 was done by Green Consultancy Group Ltd. The reports were made available at site. HCV report of Mar 2012 was done by RSPO panel approved HCV consultant, i.e. EnvironLogic Consultancy, which included Estate C (MTSI) in the report. Report was available.	Complied
Major Compliance	Conservation and HCV areas were identified at the mills and estates with estimated size/ hectarage indicated. The monitoring and annual review of Conservation and HCV areas via the Environmental Management & Monitoring Plan was conducted and documented on 18 June 2015.	
5.2.2 Where rare, threatened or endangered (RTE) species, or HCVs, are present or are affected by plantation	Regular patrols within the PMU estates i.e. at least once monthly had been carried out and recorded by the Estate executives or Assistant Managers to monitor the	



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or mill operations, appropriate measures that are expected to maintain and/or enhance them shall be implemented through an action plan. Major Compliance	Conservation / buffer zone areas and RTE species(if any). However, at both Estates, A and C, it was discovered that although the buffer zone signage was placed at the relevant affected areas, the extent of the boundary for the buffer was not clearly demarcated on the ground. As an example, a stream running across plot M15 at Estate C, there were no buffer zones allocated and there were no clear demarcation on the extent of the area on the ground. A number of significant buffer zones areas in Estate A were also discovered not demarcated on the ground. In addition, a small hill at Estate C was not identified as Conservation area. Although signboards for conservation areas, buffer zones and signages that prohibit hunting, fishing and water polluting activities were available on site, it was found to be insufficient. As example, there was no signage placed at the border of the community forest at Estate C. Thus a Nonconformance was issued as follows: a) Buffer zones and markers at the following locations are not adequately mapped out and demarcated: i) Conservation area i.e. small Hill (Estate C) ii) Water Reservoirs (Estate C) b) Signages sharing boundary near Community Forest areas are not sufficient constructed and clearly placed.	Major NC# SH-01
5.2.3 There shall be a programme to regularly educate the workforce about the status of these RTE species, and appropriate disciplinary measures shall be instituted in accordance with company rules and national law if any individual working for the company is found to capture, harm, collect or kill these species. Minor Compliance	The estates management has undertaken appropriate measures to control any illegal or inappropriate hunting, fishing or collecting activities within the estates. 'Conservation Zone' signages and "no hunting" policy were prominently displayed and verified to be maintained during field visit. See also C 5.2.4. The programme to regularly educate the plantation workers about the status of RTE species was established with ongoing consultation with the local wildlife authorities. The latest training was conducted on the 23 June 2015 and attended by majority of the workers.	Complied
5.2.4 Where an action plan has been created there shall be ongoing monitoring: • The status of HCV and RTE species that are affected by plantation or mill operations shall be documented and reported; • Outcomes of monitoring shall be fed back into the action plan. Minor Compliance	Environmental Management & Monitoring Plan had included monitoring at the Conservation & HCV areas for potential RTE such rare species of birds (as per the list of MAFF 2007) in the concession areas of Estate A, B & C e.g. Siamese Fireback and Chestnut-Headed Partridge and wildlife such as the nocturnal Slow Loris (under the IUCN list). The occasional sightings of various types of wildlife encountered e.g. wild boars and peacocks were recorded. The review of the management plan was conducted on 18 th June 2015 and had considered additional measures such as creating more awareness and educating the workers and village community on conservation efforts. Awareness briefing was done by Safety, Health & Environment personnel.	Complied
5.2.5 Where HCV set-asides with existing rights of local communities have been identified, there shall be evidence of a negotiated agreement that optimally safeguards both the HCVs and these	It was verified that there has been no instance of HCV set- aside that conflicts with the rights of local communities at the PMU. Thus agreement of such nature was not required.	Complied



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rights. Minor Compliance	The Local Community forest at Cheung Ka Lo village is located some 20 km away from the PMU Estate C.		
Criteria 5.3 Waste is reduced, recycled, re-used and disposed of in an environmentally and socially responsible manner.			
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance	
5.3.1 All waste products and sources of pollution shall be identified and documented.Major Compliance	Documentation on the identification of all the waste products such as scheduled waste, domestic waste, clinical waste and recyclable waste such as metal, plastic, mill waste and polluting materials e g. EFB, POME, stack emissions and Boiler ashes were maintained and monitored at the PMU.	Complied	
	Segregation of wastes i.e. general wastes and scheduled wastes was verified to be satisfactory. Proper storage areas were identified for the storage of the recyclable wastes.		
	The mills and estates also have a proper Scheduled Waste Store for storing scheduled waste.		
5.3.2 All chemicals and their containers shall be disposed of responsibly. Major Compliance	The management has identified the listing of all the types of wastes at the mills and estates. Scheduled wastes such as used engine and filter oils were kept separately in a schedule waste store. A record is kept on the quantity of used oil stored at the waste store. Rags and empty filters were also stored in the same scheduled waste store. Used vehicle batteries were kept in a separate store. Empty pesticide containers were kept in another store. The empty fertilizer bags were stored separately. Empty fertilizer bags were reused for the collection of loose fruits. Workshops were noted to be using drip trays (oil spillage containment pits) at the time of changing of oil. It has been verified that scheduled wastes were not mixed with domestic wastes.	Complied	



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5.3.3 A waste management and disposal plan to avoid or reduce	Waste management and disposal plan has been documented since 2011.	
pollution shall be documented and implemented. Minor Compliance	Controls for the storage and disposal of items under scheduled or hazardous wastes have been adequately implemented. Waste disposal contractors are monitored. Currently, the local Cambodian laws have no specific requirements for disposal of scheduled wastes, (including used High Density Polyethylene – HDPE, pesticide containers) for the plantation sectors.	
	Recycling of crop residues / biomass i.e. EFB and POME had been implemented. Management EFB application plans and progress reports were verified to be satisfactory.	
	No discharge of POME directly into any water sources or rivers was observed. POME is 100% dried and recycled for use as fertilizer application in the fields. Landfills for domestic waste are located away from water bodies. Methods of disposal e.g. landfill locations /size and recycling methods or methods for reduction of pollution were documented and monitored. Landfills for the disposal of domestic waste were provided at the Estate A and C. It was noted that most of the landfills allocated were fenced. However, there were 2 landfills which were not fenced and found to be unsuitably located i.e. at the Monorum Mill (where the dumpsite was not fenced and located just by the side of the main road) and at Estate A -Division A1 (which is not fenced and located just about 100 meters from the main road).	
	Thus a Nonconformance was issued as follows: Landfills for domestic waste disposal are not adequately managed i.e. location is not proper with inadequate signages and littering at i) Estate A (Division A1) and ii) near Monorum Mill (Mill 1).	Minor NC# SH-02
Criteria 5.4 Efficiency of fossil fuel use and the us	se of renewable energy is ontimised	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
5.4.1 A plan for improving efficiency of the use of fossil fuels and to optimise renewable energy shall be in place and monitored. Minor Compliance	The use of energy in the palm oil mills and line site was monitored monthly to compare the energy usage against the production of CPO. Electricity generation was through steam turbine and boiler where Palm fiber and PK shells were used as renewable energy/fuel on a 65:35 ratio basis.	Complied
	Monthly records of energy consumption of non-renewable and renewable fuel per metric tonne of palm product at the POM were available	
	At POM, average energy usage for 2014 was at	
	29.77kWh/mt FFB processed and current average as of Jun 2015 is at 28.08 kWh/mt FFB processed.	

Use of fire for preparing land or replanting is avoided, except in specific situations as identified in the ASEAN

guidelines or other regional best practice.



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Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
5.5.1 There shall be no land preparation by burning, other than in specific situations as identified in the 'Guidelines for the Implementation of the ASEAN Policy on Zero Burning' 2003, or comparable guidelines in other regions. Major Compliance	The 'No Open Burning' policy established by MRICOP PMU established since 2011 has been maintained at the mill and estates. The management has suitable fire fighting plans, equipments and facilities for new planting areas. Fire prevention belts are prepared during drought season along the boundaries. Fire trucks with water pumps and engines remained on standby in case of any incidence of fire outbreak. The management continues to maintain support for any fire control of surrounding and neighboring villagers, when needed or requested.	Complied
5.5.2 Where fire has been used for preparing land for replanting, there shall be evidence of prior approval of the controlled burning as specified in 'Guidelines for the Implementation of the ASEAN Policy on Zero Burning' 2003, or comparable guidelines in other regions. Minor Compliance Criteria 5.6	The PMU has adhered to the 'zero burning 'policy. There was no replanting at the estates. There was no evidence of any burning of domestic waste at the housing line sites and at the sanitary landfills of the estates during on site field assessment.	Complied
	ns, including greenhouse gases, are developed, implemented	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
5.6.1 An assessment of all polluting activities shall be conducted, including gaseous emissions, particulate/soot emissions and effluent (see Criterion 4.4). Major Compliance	The PMU had reviewed the environmental impact assessment on potential pollution to air, water and contamination on land on annual basis. The latest Environmental Impact Assessment, management, action plans were conducted on 13 March 2015. POME treatment, monitoring and land application is monitored and records maintained.	Complied
5.6.2 Significant pollutants and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions shall be identified, and plans to reduce or minimise them implemented. Major Compliance	Significant pollutants and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions were identified, e.g. POME, diesel / fuel, fertilizer and pesticide usage have been documented and maintained at the PMU. Plans to reduce or minimise them were available and progressively implemented. Pollution Mitigation plan complete with all identified polluting activity has been prepared in accordance with local regulations and sub-decree. Sources of pollution included stack emissions, boiler ash and run off and control measures needed were identified. Mitigation plan include the reduction of air pollutant emission with the new boiler installed at the Monorum mill in Mar 2011. Latest report on emission monitoring at the 2 mills was on July 2014. For the year 2015, it is expected to be conducted in August 2015. It was verified that the POME is treated in the aerobic, anaerobic ponds prior to final discharge point. Water samples were regularly taken at the Mills and estates and tested by Government recognised external lab at Phnom Penh. Latest report on the water analysis conducted by Food and Chemical Services was documented on 8 June 2015. Analysis reports are reviewed by respective mill and estate managers. Records are maintained and verified on-site.	Complied



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 5.6.3 A monitoring system shall be in place, with regular reporting on progress for these significant pollutants and emissions from estate and mill operations, using appropriate tools. Minor Compliance 	The monitoring system for significant pollutants was implemented and data compiled and reviewed on a monthly basis by the respective mill and estate managers. However implementation using the RSPO PalmGHG tool had not been adequately followed. Action taken on Observation: AL-02 issued previously in 2014 (ASA-02) was not adequate. Thus a Nonconformance was issued as follows:	
	Greenhouse gas (GHG) calculations using RSPO PalmGHG is not the latest version to be used i.e. version 2.1.1 and the data has not yet been submitted to RSPO for review and endorsement by RSPO prior to the audit.	Minor NC# AL-01

Principle 6: Responsible consideration of employees and of individuals and communities affected by growers and millers

Criteria 6.1 Aspects of plantation and mill management that have social impacts, including replanting, are identified in a participatory way, and plans to mitigate the negative impacts and promote the positive ones are made,		
implemented and monitored, to demo		iauc,
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.1.1 A social impact assessment (SIA) including records of meetings shall be documented.	A review and update of the initial 2012 SIA and a SIA dated 2014 has been done on 18 June 2015.	Complied
Major Compliance	Documented minutes of meeting are available to evidence the review.	
6.1.2 There shall be evidence that the assessment has been done with the participation of affected parties. Major Compliance	Participation of affected parties is evident with a documented participant list and photographs of meeting. The participants include the internal and external stakeholders which include the employees, contractors, representatives from national park and community forest, local village heads, cattle farmers, medical doctor, school teachers and government organizations such as police chief and military commander.	Complied
6.1.3 Plans for avoidance or mitigation of negative impacts and promotion of the positive ones, and monitoring of impacts identified, shall be developed in consultation with the affected parties, documented and timetabled, including responsibilities for implementation. Major Compliance	The 2015 updated and timetabled SIA Implementation and Monitoring Plan is maintained to promote the positive impacts and to mitigate the negative ones. Estate and mill managers of affected areas are responsible for implementation and monitoring of the plan. Assessment verified that mitigation and monitoring of the water quality at various points continue as planned. 6 samples were collected and sent to a reliable center for analysis on 30/1/15. The reports show 0 coliform but the lead and mercury levels exceed the acceptable range. Minutes of meeting dated 17/6/15 show that a water treatment plan has been developed after consultation with experts. Offering of proposed contracts worth about 15,000USD is now in progress. Continued promotion of the positive impacts is evident on document review and during site visits. Some of the findings are as follows: 1. Interview with the local deputy governor at the public	Complied



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	forum (held in a temple) confirmed that the organization's continued participative assistance has helped all remaining affected parties in the villages to obtain their rightful land titles in 2014 and 2015.	
	2. Local communities such as the neighboring villagers and suppliers are allowed have free access and use of estate roads.	
	3. Villagers collect grass cuttings to use as fodder for their cattle.	
	4. Cattle are allowed to graze freely as agreed in the stakeholder meeting.	
	5. The operations of the new mill in Estate C since 2014 have provided more work opportunities to the local villagers. Interviews with village heads have confirmed that more work opportunities are provided and youths need not travel out of the local community to find work elsewhere.	
	6. The wage rate for basic, semi skill and skill workers have increase since January this year in relation to the increased cost of living. Interview with workers confirmed this positive implementation has helped them ease the rising living cost significantly. (There is no stated minimum wage for plantation workers currently).	
	7. Interview with primary school teachers and review of relevant records evidence the continued implementation of the 20 USD monthly financial assistance to teachers in the village schools.	
	8. Review of records and related photographs evidence a positive response to requests made for maintenance of class rooms and building of teachers' quarters at a nearby village school.	
6.1.4 The plans shall be reviewed as a minimum once every two years and updated as necessary, in those cases where the review has concluded that changes should be made to current practices. There shall be evidence that the review includes the participation of affected parties.	SIA management plan was reviewed annually in Apr 2015 and additional stakeholder consultations were held in June 2015 with affected parties and necessary changes were updated. Implementation on the resulting programs was ongoing and monitored at defined intervals as evidenced during audit.	Complied
Minor Compliance 6.1.5 Particular attention shall be paid to the impacts of smallholder schemes (where the plantation includes such a scheme). Minor Compliance	Presently there are no smallholder schemes at the PMU.	Not applicable
Criteria 6.2		.,
There are open and transparent met local communities and other affected	hods for communication and consultation between growers at	nd/or millers,
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.2.1 Consultation and communication	The established General Negotiation Procedure - SOP	Complied
procedures shall be documented.	GA 022 dated I 2012 is still currently in use.	·
Major Compliance		



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6.2.2 A management official responsible for these issues shall be nominated. Minor Compliance	Interviews with the estate managers of Estate A, Estate C, Mill 1 and Mill 2 confirmed that they are the nominated persons responsible for communication and initial negotiations with the local communities, other interested and affected stakeholders. The interview also verified that their specific roles and responsibilities are clearly defined and understood.	Complied
6.2.3 A list of stakeholders, records of all communication, including confirmation of receipt and that efforts are made to ensure understanding by affected parties, and records of actions taken in response to input from stakeholders, shall be maintained. Minor Compliance	The stakeholders list is updated as necessary and at least once a year. The updating of the list is effective and kept current as evidenced by the removal from the list - of the NGOs such as the snake management center (Hand for Help) and the Reproductive Health Awareness Cambodia (RHAC) as these 2 NGO projects had ended in this part of Cambodia. Records of stakeholders meeting with participation of affected parties and consideration of inputs such as a recent request for class room maintenance and building of teachers' quarters are maintained.	Complied
Criteria 6.3 There is a mutually agreed and docu implemented and accepted by all affects.	mented system for dealing with complaints and grievances, vected parties.	vhich is
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.3.1 The system, open to all affected parties, shall resolve disputes in an effective, timely and appropriate manner, ensuring anonymity of complainants and whistleblowers, where requested.	The PMU has an established and documented system for dealing with complaints and grievances. It is reported that there has been no disputes and whistle blowing incident for the year 2014 and 2015.	Complied
Major Compliance		
6.3.2 Documentation of both the process by which a dispute was resolved and the outcome shall be available. Major Compliance	Complaints received are in the form of matters pertaining to the housing quarters. Complaints such as for leaking sinks and blocked drainage s are managed by respective managers in charge and the maintenance unit. Records and photographs of maintenance are maintained.	Complied
	nsation for loss of legal, customary or user rights are dealt wit ligenous peoples, local communities and other stakeholders to the institutions.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.4.1 A procedure for identifying legal, customary or user rights, and a procedure for identifying people entitled to compensation, shall be in place.	The organization has a documented policy on compensation management PC-GA-024 as reported during the Main Assessment in 2012. The procedure provides the process for identifying legal and customary rights and for identifying people entitled to compensation.	Complied
Major Compliance	Review of relevant records verified that negotiation and compensation processes regarding land acquisition has been effectively and appropriately implemented as required. Sales and Purchase agreement is presently in progress for an acquisition of lands measuring 1050.71 hectare from villagers at Kampong Seila. Records such as land surveys, review of hard titles, identification and communications with owners are maintained in compliance to legal requirement.	
6.4.2 A procedure for calculating and	There is a documented procedure for calculating and	Complied



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distributing fair compensation (monetary or otherwise) shall be established and implemented, monitored and evaluated in a participatory way, and corrective actions taken as a result of this evaluation. This procedure shall take into account: gender differences in the power to claim rights, ownership and access to land; differences of transmigrants and long-established communities; and differences in ethnic groups' proof of legal versus communal ownership of land. Minor Compliance 6.4.3 The process and outcome of any negotiated agreements and compensation claims shall be documented, with evidence of the	distributing compensation i.e. Land compensation and Negotiation procedure Flow chart, i.e. LC-NP-FC-002/14 dated 19 Jun 2014 signed by GM & VP – Agriculture/Oil Palm is noted. Records show that compensation and land acquisition of land are found to have been done in legally acceptable manner. Ownership of land was properly established through land surveys and identification of hard titles. Compensation is done through established negotiation arrangement with owners. Minutes of meetings and photographs are maintained as evidence. There has been no dispute by any parties relating to legal, customary or user rights at the PMU. The records of negotiation process and the outcome are documented in the minutes of meeting and evident in photographs.	Complied
participation of affected parties, and		
made publicly available.		
Major Compliance		
Criteria 6.5		
Pay and conditions for employees an standards and are sufficient to provide	nd for contract workers always meet at least legal or industry le	minimum
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.5.1 Documentation of pay and	Pay and conditions are clearly documented in the	Complied
conditions shall be available. Major Compliance	Employment Contracts (in Khmer language) which was explained, understood and signed by the employees and the organization upon acceptance of work. This applies to all workers i.e. basic, semi-skilled and skilled.	
	Reviews of pay statements verified that the PMU has implemented the pay increment for the basic, semi-skill and skill workers from the beginning of this year. The increment in the wage rate is 6,200 Riels for the basic category, 4,200 Riels for the semi-skill and 4,200 Riels for the skill category.	
	It is verified during assessment that the new wage rate for basic worker is 20,000 Riels. 20,000 x 26 days of work equals USD130 per month which is equvalent to the minimal wage of USD128 for garment factory workers. The poverty line for Cambodia is reported to be below USD120 per month.	
6.5.2 Labour laws, union agreements or direct contracts of employment detailing payments and conditions of employment (e.g. working hours, deductions, overtime, sickness, holiday entitlement, maternity leave, reasons	Review of the employment contracts revealed detailed conditions in Khmer language which include the following employment details: • job position • basic pay and overtime	Complied



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	payment and overtime payment. They confirm that no deductions are made and wages are received on time.	
6.5.3 Growers and millers shall provide adequate housing, water supplies, medical, educational and welfare amenities to national standards or above, where no such public facilities are available or accessible (not applicable to smallholders). Minor Compliance	On-site assessment at the housing areas and interviews with workers, dependents and children confirmed that housing, water supplies, electricity supplies and dispensary facility provided are adequate according to local expectations and Cambodia Labour Law. They confirm that paramedical aid from the resident qualified nurses and ambulance service are readily available during office hours and any other time should there be emergencies. Interviews further verified their knowledge of emergency contact persons. Interviews with the Mill 2 dispensary nurse revealed that a child of a staff was transported to hospital by the dispensary ambulance the previous evening. Reviews of medical records revealed about 130 people seek medical attention per month and the diagnoses are mainly minor ailments such as cough and flu. Interview with a primary school director and a teacher reported that all his students come from the estates and mills.	Complied
6.5.4 Growers and millers shall make demonstrable efforts to monitor and where able, improve workers' access to adequate, sufficient and affordable food. Minor Compliance	Site assessments and interviews verified that workers could easily obtain their daily sundry supplies from stalls and mini-markets operated by workers' dependents in the housing sites or at the nearby villages. Interviews with some children at the housing reported that they had rice and duck eggs for breakfast in the morning. Some workers make weekly visit to the nearest town by own transport or private vans whenever necessary. Access to adequate, sufficient and affordable food is confirmed.	Complied
collectively. Where the right to freed	all personnel to form and join trade unions of their choice and om of association and collective bargaining are restricted und	to bargain
employer racilitates parallel means of		er law, the
Indicators	of independent and free association and bargaining for all sucl Findings and Objective Evidence	er law, the
	of independent and free association and bargaining for all such	er law, the h personnel.
Indicators 6.6.1 A published statement in local languages recognising freedom of association shall be available.	Findings and Objective Evidence The documented social policy that recognizes freedom of association in both English and Khmer languages as endorsed by the VP of Plantations in Apr 2012 is maintained. The organization acknowledges the freedom of association in the documented social policy which is displayed publicly at strategic locations of the Mill and	er law, the n personnel. Compliance
Indicators 6.6.1 A published statement in local languages recognising freedom of association shall be available. Major Compliance 6.6.2 Minutes of meetings with main trade unions or workers representatives shall be documented.	Findings and Objective Evidence The documented social policy that recognizes freedom of association in both English and Khmer languages as endorsed by the VP of Plantations in Apr 2012 is maintained. The organization acknowledges the freedom of association in the documented social policy which is displayed publicly at strategic locations of the Mill and Estate Offices. Interviews with staff and workers confirmed there are no trade unions. Collective communications are held through their worker representatives called the Employee Delegates and gender representatives. Minutes of meetings are maintained. Records show that the employee delegate is registered with the governing authorities and they request collectively for permission to do overtime 2 hours per day monthly.	er law, the personnel. Compliance Complied



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6.7.4 There shall be decumenter.		
evidence that minimum age requirements are met. Major Compliance	The minimum employment age under the Cambodian law is 16 years old. The commitment to 'No child labor' is maintained in the Social policy which requires minimal employment age to be 18 years old.	Complied
	Reviews of employment contracts and employees' documents such as Cambodian Identification Cards and Birth Certificates confirmed consistent compliance to this policy.	
Criteria 6.8 Any form of discrimination based on union membership, political affiliation	race, caste, national origin, religion, disability, gender, sexual	orientation,
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.8.1 A publicly available equal	The commitment to equal opportunities is evident in the	
opportunities policy including identification of relevant/affected groups in the local environment shall be documented.	publicly displayed Social policy in the mill and estate offices. The policy clearly states its prohibition of any discrimination based on race, religion, gender, disability, sexual orientation, age or political affiliation.	Complied
Major Compliance		
6.8.2 Evidence shall be provided that employees and groups including local communities, women, and migrant workers have not been discriminated against. Major Compliance	Interviews with male and female supervisors and field conductors and verification with pay statements confirmed the implementation of equal pay for same job and no known practices of discrimination between man and woman workers. A female field conductor reported that she does not think her recent child birth (to a pair of twins) would bring about any form of discrimination in the future.	Complied
	would bring about any form of discrimination in the luture.	
6.8.3 It shall be demonstrated that recruitment selection, hiring and promotion where relevant are based on skills, capabilities, qualities, and medical fitness necessary for the jobs available.	There is a documented SOP for the recruitment and hiring of staff and workers. Depending on the nature of work positions, the PMU management takes into considerations the needs for technical qualifications/experience and related skills in recruitment selection, hiring and promotion exercises.	Complied
Minor Compliance	Reviews of records verified that the recruiting of tractor drivers was done in transparent and fair manners in April 2015. A total of 13 drivers were recruited from 45 applicants. They went through driving test and writing tests. The highest 13 scorers were selected.	
Criteria 6.9		
	the work place, and reproductive rights are protected.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.9.1 A policy to prevent sexual and all other forms of harassment and violence shall be implemented and communicated to all levels of the workforce. Major Compliance	The policy to prevent sexual harassment and all forms of harassment is clearly stated in the documented Social policy. The commitment to provide a work environment that is free from any sexual harassment and violence against any of the workforce is verified in interviews with female field workers and workers at the main office who confirmed that they feel happy and comfortable working there.	Complied
	Interviews with the HR & Gender Committee staff and workers revealed briefing on harassment issue, general understanding of sexual harassment in the workplace and the mechanism to report an alleged sexual harassment or violence. Attendance lists dated 29 April, 9 June, 18 June and 20 June verified that both male and female workers were given the necessary briefings.	



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The policy to protect the reproductive rights and rights to have a family of the workers especially women is evidently stated in the Social Policy. Interview with a female field conductor and review of her pay statements and that of another female conductor who	Complied
is now on confinement leave verified that they are given the stated 90 days of 50% paid maternity leave and the fully paid food and gasoline allowance.	
A specific grievance mechanism is established and documented in SOP GA-019. Communication and understanding of employees is verified with interviews with 2 operators/workers at the mill. The commitment to manage grievance among employees is evident in the records and photographs of "opening the complaint box" procedure by the assigned personnel for the 9 complaint boxes which are dated 27/2/15 and 25/6/15. There has been no grievance reported for 2014 and 2015.	Complied
ransparently with smallholders and other local businesses.	
Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
It is verified that there are no purchases of FFB from any out growers or smallholders. Thus this is not applicable.	Not applicable
As above.	Not applicable
Interview with a road maintenance contractors verified that he understand the contractual agreements (such as terms and payment) which he entered into with the organization. The contracts are reported as legal, fair and transparent.	Complied
Interviews with the contractors reported that payments are received in timely manner and they have not encountered any problems with payment so far.	Complied
al sustainable development where appropriate	
Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
Contributions to local development are based on the results of consultation with local communities as documented in the updated SIA 2015.	Complied
contributions in brief: 1) Provision of ambulance transport to the hospitals or clinics to the needy villagers. Two elderly and bed ridden villagers were sent to hospital for treatment this year. 2) Contribution of a sum of 11 million riels for inauguration of a temple in March 2015	
	have a family of the workers especially women is evidently stated in the Social Policy. Interview with a female field conductor and review of her pay statements and that of another female conductor who is now on confinement leave verified that they are given the stated 90 days of 50% paid maternity leave and the fully paid food and gasoline allowance. A specific grievance mechanism is established and documented in SOP GA-019. Communication and understanding of employees is verified with interviews with 2 operators/workers at the mill. The commitment to manage grievance among employees is evident in the records and photographs of "opening the complaint box" procedure by the assigned personnel for the 9 complaint boxes which are dated 27/2/15 and 25/6/15. There has been no grievance reported for 2014 and 2015. ansparently with smallholders and other local businesses. Findings and Objective Evidence It is verified that there are no purchases of FFB from any out growers or smallholders. Thus this is not applicable. As above. Interview with a road maintenance contractors verified that he understand the contractual agreements (such as terms and payment) which he entered into with the organization. The contracts are reported as legal, fair and transparent. Interviews with the contractors reported that payments are received in timely manner and they have not encountered any problems with payment so far. Interviews with ocal development are based on the results of consultation with local communities as documented in the updated SIA 2015. The following are the social and local development and contributions in brief: 1) Provision of ambulance transport to the hospitals or clinics to the needy villagers. Two elderly and bed ridden villagers were sent to hospital for treatment this year.



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6.11.2 Where there are scheme smallholders, there shall be evidence that efforts and/or resources have been allocated to improve smallholder productivity.	 3) Road repair (2.6km long) in Tapoa Village 4) 6 units of communication phones to the administration police office of Cheung Kou commune 5) 1,800 USD support to the military office at Koh Kong 6) Continued monthly financial assistance of USD 20 each to every teacher in 8 surrounding primary schools. 7) Provision of work opportunities to the local communities. About 46% of staff and 88% of workers come from the neighboring villages. It was verified that there were no smallholder scheme programs at the PMU. 	Not Applicable
Minor Compliance		
Criteria 6.12 No forms of forced or trafficked labou	ır are used	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.12.1 There shall be evidence that no forms of forced or trafficked labour are used. Major Compliance	The employment contracts maintained at the estate offices confirmed that all workers were recruited in accordance with the legal requirements of Cambodia (Cambodian Labour Law 1997). The workers are mainly from the neighboring villages within the province of Sihanouk. Interviews with field workers confirmed that were no forced or trafficked labour. Mill workers confirmed that they could opt not to do over-time work if so desired.	Complied
6.12.2 Where applicable, it shall be demonstrated that no contract substitution has occurred.	There was no evidence of contract substitution and this was confirmed from interviews with workers.	Complied
Minor Compliance 6.12.3 Where temporary or foreign workers are employed, a special labour policy and procedures shall be established and implemented. Major Compliance	There is no requirement for any special labour policy as no foreign workers are employed.	Not applicable
Criteria 6.13		
Growers and millers respect human Indicators	rights. Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
6.13.1 A policy to respect human rights shall be documented and communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations (see Criteria 1.2 and 2.1).	A documented policy stating human rights and ethical conduct and integrity has been developed this year and communicated to a total of 623 staff and workers from 25-29 June 2015 year. There is a plan to cover all employees within this year in stages.	Complied
Major Compliance 6.13.2 As long as children of plantation workers are not secured a right to go to government school, the plantation companies should engage in a process to secure the children of the plantation workers access to education as a moral obligation. Minor Compliance	There are no foreign workers and families in the estates and the mill. All local children are eligible to be enrolled in the local government schools. Interviews and records show that school–going children (6 years and above) of staff and workers are all enrolled in the 8 government schools which are nearest to their homes. An interview with a primary school head confirmed that all his students come from the estates and mills.	Complied



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Principle 7: Responsible development of new plantings

establishing new plantings or operation	dependent social and environmental impact assessment is uno	
management and operations. Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.1.1 An independent social and environmental impact assessment (SEIA), undertaken through a participatory methodology including the relevant affected stakeholders, shall be documented. Major Compliance	SEIA assessment had been conducted by Green Consultant Group Ltd. for developing 2432.42 ha which cover the 2014 and 2015 New Plantings. SEIA included previous land use/history and involved independent consultation as per national and state regulations, via participatory methodology which included external stakeholders.	Complied
7.1.2 Appropriate management planning and operational procedures shall be developed and implemented to avoid or mitigate identified potential negative impacts.	The management plan and operational procedures had been developed, implemented, monitored and reviewed as per the results of SEIA.	Complied
Minor Compliance 7.1.3 Where the development includes an outgrower scheme, the impacts of the scheme and the implications of the way it is managed shall be given particular attention.	The oil palm lands are developed by the Plantation Company and there is no smallholder scheme.	Not Applicable
results are incorporated into plans an		T
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.2.1 Soil suitability maps or soil surveys adequate to establish the long-term suitability of land for oil palm cultivation shall be available and taken into account in plans and operations.	Area suitable for oil palm planting had been established by soil survey team of the Agricultural Technical Service Provider of Department of Agriculture, Phnom Penh from Jan - Apr 2013.	Complied
Major Compliance 7.2.2 Topographic information adequate to guide the planning of drainage and irrigation systems, roads and other infrastructure shall be available and taken into account in plans and operations. Minor Compliance	There was adequate information in the topographic map for planning drainage and irrigation systems, roads, and other infrastructure.	Complied
Criteria 7.3 New plantings since Nov 2005 have r more High Conservation Values.	not replaced primary forest or any area required to maintain or	enhance one or
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.3.1 There shall be evidence that no new plantings have replaced primary forest, or any area required to maintain or enhance one or more High Conservation Values (HCVs), since Nov 2005. New plantings shall be planned	HCV assessment, including stakeholder consultation, had been conducted prior to the extended development in 2012 by Envirologic Sdn Bhd. A further SEIA assessment was carried out by Green Consulting Group Co. Ltd. in 2014 for extended lands at Estate B and C prior new planting. The new extended land areas were agricultural produce lands	Complied



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7.3.2 A comprehensive HCV assessment, including stakeholder consultation, shall be conducted prior to any conversion or new planting. This shall include a land use change analysis to determine changes to the vegetation since Nov 2005. This analysis shall be used, with proxies, to indicate changes to HCV status.	The extended development land at Estate B and C were plots of formerly agricultural crop land owned and used by villager for subsistence farming. There were no Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) or HCVs at the extended land which was verified during on site. The lands were agricultural produce lands which is also suitable for oil palm planting.	Complied
Major Compliance 7.3.3 Dates of land preparation and	Records on dates of land preparation and commencement	Complied
commencement shall be recorded.	had been verified.	Compiled
Minor Compliance	N 15 14 44 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	0 " 1
7.3.4 An action plan shall be developed that describes operational actions consequent to the findings of the HCV assessment, and that references the grower's relevant operational procedures (see Criterion 5.2).	Verified that there were no HCV areas found in the new planting areas. Thus such action plan was not needed.	Complied
Major Compliance		
7.3.5 Areas required by affected communities to meet their basic needs, taking into account potential positive and negative changes in livelihood resulting from proposed operations, shall be identified in consultation with the communities and incorporated into HCV assessments and management plans (see Criterion 5.2).	Details of areas required by affected communities to meet their basic needs had been documented in the SEIA report in 2014 by Green Consulting Group Ltd. These areas were not encroached by the PMU during the extended new planting in 2014 & 2015.	Complied
Minor Compliance		
Criteria 7.4		
	nd/or marginal and fragile soils, including peat, is avoided.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.4.1 Maps identifying marginal and fragile soils, including excessive gradients and peat soils, shall be available and used to identify areas to be avoided. All new plantings should not be cultivated on land more than 300m above sea level unless specified by local legislation.	The area is flat to rolling. No steep land involved and the altitude ranges from 10 metres to 127 metres above sea level as described in the soil survey carried out by Technical Agricultural service of Department of Agriculture, Cambodia.	Complied
Minor Compliance		
7.4.2 Where limited planting on fragile and marginal soils, including peat, is proposed, plans shall be developed and implemented to protect them without incurring adverse impacts.	Majority of the area consist of sandy loam. Annual leaf sampling and analysis is required for fertilizer recommendations to maintain sustainable yield of the palms.	Complied
Major Compliance		
Criteria 7.5		
or user rights, without their free, prior	local peoples' land where it can be demonstrated that there are and informed consent. This is dealt with through a documented to express their views through their own representative institu	d system that
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.5.1 Evidence shall be available that affected local peoples understand they have the right to say 'no' to operations planned on their lands before and during initial discussions, during the stage of information gathering and associated consultations, during	Stakeholder consultations were included as reported in the SEIA assessment report of 2014 by Green Consultancy. The annual SEIA review was done in April 2015 and noted during current surveillance that there were no issues on this matter.	Complied



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negotiations, and up until an agreement with the grower/miller is signed by these		
local peoples.		
Major Compliance		
Criteria 7.6		
	cal peoples have legal, customary or user rights, they are com	
agreements.	shment of rights, subject to their free, prior and informed conse	ent and negotiated
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.6.1 Documented identification and	Compensation to local people had been negotiated and	Complied
assessment of demonstrable legal,	payment effected.	
customary and user rights shall be available.		
Major Compliance 7.6.2 A system for identifying people	A quater for identifying poorle entitled to companyation	Complied
entitled to compensation shall be in	A system for identifying people entitled to compensation had been established and implemented.	Complied
place.	nad boon cotabiloned and implemented.	
Major Compliance 7.6.3 A system for calculating and	Complied, a system for calculating and distributing fair	Complied
distributing fair compensation (monetary	compensation had been established.	Compiled
or otherwise) shall be in place.		
Major Compliance		
7.6.4 Communities that have lost	A system for calculating and distributing fair compensation	Complied
access and rights to land for plantation expansion shall be given opportunities	had been established. Villagers were offered work on the	
to benefit from plantation development.	estate the moment development commenced.	
Minor Compliance		
7.6.5 The process and outcome of any	Documents had been maintained for the process and	Complied
compensation claims shall be	outcome of the compensation claims which had been	,
documented and made publicly available.	made publicly available.	
Minor Compliance 7.6.6. Evidence shall be available that	Communities had been offered to work on the plantation	Complied
the company has made adequate efforts	with accommodation provided.	Compiled
to enable affected communities and	The second of th	
rights holders to have access to information and advice that is		
independent of the project proponent,		
concerning the legal, economic, environmental and social implications of		
the proposed operations on their lands.		
Minor Compliance Criteria 7.7		
	w plantings other than in specific situations, as identified in the	ASEAN
guidelines or other regional best prac	I	T
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.7.1 There shall be no land preparation by burning, other than in specific	There was no evidence of clearing by burning being	Complied
situations, as identified in the	observed during the visit.	
'Guidelines for the Implementation of		
the ASEAN Policy on Zero Burning' 2003, or comparable guidelines in other		
regions.		
Major Compliance		
7.7.2 In exceptional cases where fire	No controlled burning had been carried out.	Complied
has to be used for preparing land for	3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
planting, there shall be evidence of prior approval of the controlled burning as		
specified in 'Guidelines for the		



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Implementation of the ASEAN Policy on Zero Burning' 2003, or comparable guidelines in other regions. Minor Compliance Criteria 7.8		
<u> </u>	signed to minimise net greenhouse gas emissions.	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
7.8.1: The carbon stock of the proposed development area and major potential sources of emissions that may result directly from the development shall be identified and estimated. Major Compliance	There was no high carbon stock in the area based on the SEIA report by Green Consulting Group.	Not applicable
7.8.2: There shall be a plan to minimise net GHG emissions which takes into account avoidance of land areas with high carbon stocks and/or sequestration options. Minor Compliance	It is verified that the current extended new planting areas visited on-site are not high carbon stock areas.	Not applicable

Principle 8: Commitment to continual improvement in key areas of activity

Criteria 8.1			
Growers and millers regularly monitor and review their activities, and develop and implement action plans that allow demonstrable continual improvement in key operations.			
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance	



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8.1.1 The action plan for continual improvement shall be implemented, based on a consideration of the main social and environmental impacts and opportunities of the grower/mill, and shall include a range of Indicators covered by these Principles and Criteria.

As a minimum, these shall include, but are not necessarily be limited to:

- Reduction in use of pesticides(Criterion 4.6);
- Environmental impacts (Criteria 4.3, 5.1 and 5.2);
- Waste reduction (Criterion 5.3);
- Pollution and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Criteria 5.6 and 7.8);
- · Social impacts (Criterion 6.1);
- Encourage optimising the yield of the supply base.

Major Compliance

Continuous Improvement Plans established, implemented and monitored for both the POM and Estates.

These action plans include the following:

- Reduction in amount of pesticides used (usage of paraguat had been discontinued in Feb 2012)
- Increased in planted hectarage of beneficial plants (Cassia cobanensis, Antigonon leptopus).
- Planting of legume cover crops (*Pueraria javanica* and *Calapogonium mucunoides*) in the new planting areas.
- Planting some *Macuna bracteata* to gauge the success of this cover crop in this region.
- Estate A will increase the number of beneficial plants from 5,700 in 2014 to 11,950 plants by end 2015.
- Estate C will increase the number of beneficial plants from 11,500 in 2014 to 25,834 plants by end 2015.
- Estate A will construct additional 14.65 KM of collection roads in 2015. These had been completed by the end of May, 2015 and 122 sets of new culvert had been constructed.
- Estate C will construct additional 283 KM of collection roads and construct 1344 sets of new culvert, these were in progress.
- At POM, additional anaerobic ponds are being constructed as part of improvement on POME control.
- 100% field application of dried POME on estates.
- EFB mulching applied at the fields including new planting areas.
- Monitoring continued at environmental conservation areas and buffer zones.
- Ongoing implementation of pollution mitigation and monitoring of stack emission at POM and improvement in boiler efficiency.
- Continued infrastructure development, i.e. road construction (Chung Rang & Sway Villages).
- Construction of a new water treatment plant at the new mill.
- Construction of reservoir at new mill to cater water supply during dry season.
- Completion of remaining new housing quarters for workers at the 3 estates.

3.1.1 Supply Chain Certification Standards Findings - on CPO Mill

The POM has established and maintained procedures for the book keeping and monitoring requirements for the FFB and CPO at the mill. This assessment verified the implementation of documented procedures, verification of processing and traceability of FFB into CPO and PK, and availability of records to demonstrate compliance against all the elements of the Identity Preserved (IP) Module in accordance with the RSPO SCCS (Nov 2014) requirements.

Module D - CPO Mills: Identity Preserved (IP).

Details of findings are as follows:

Intertek RSPO Report: July 2015

Complied



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Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
D.1.1 A mill is deemed to be Identity Preserved (IP) if the FFB used by the mill are sourced from its own supply base certified to the RSPO Principles and Criteria (RSPO P&C). Certification for CPO mills is necessary to verify the volumes and sources of certified FFB entering the mill, the implementation of any processing controls (for example, if physical separation is used), and volume sales of RSPO certified products. A mill may be taking delivery of FFB from uncertified growers, in addition to those from its own certified land base. If a mill processes certified and uncertified FFB without physically separating the material then only Module E is applicable.	Both the CPO mills under the MRICOP grouping i.e. Monorum POM and Anlong Kropeu POM are verified to only process FFB from their common supply base i.e. the 3 estates A, B and C (see Section 1.3). It was verified that there was no sources of FFB from any outgrowers or independent suppliers / smallholders. Therefore both the CPO Mills under the MRICOP grouping are deemed to have 'Identity Preserved (IP)' status.	Complied
D.2 Explanation	Findings and Objective Friday	0
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
D.2.1 The estimated tonnage of CPO and PK products that could potentially be produced by the certified mill must be recorded by the certification body (CB) in the public summary of the P&C certification report. This figure represents the total volume of certified palm oil product (CPO and PK) that the certified mill is allowed to deliver in a year. The actual tonnage produced shall then be recorded in each subsequent annual surveillance report.	The estimated tonnages of CPO and PK products that could potentially be produced by the POMs are monitored by the Mills respectively i.e. Monorum (Mill 1) & Anlong Krapeu (Mill 2). The figures are checked and verified for accuracy. This figures provided represented the total volume of certified palm oil product (CPO and PK) that the certified mill is allowed to deliver in a year. The actual tonnage produced has been recorded in each subsequent annual surveillance report (see Section 1.8.3 Tables 7A & 7B).	Complied
D.2.2 The mill must also meet all registration and reporting requirements for the appropriate supply chain through the RSPO supply chain managing organization (RSPO IT platform or book and claim).	The POMs were verified to have met all registration and reporting requirements for the appropriate supply chain through the RSPO supply chain managing organization (RSPO IT platform or book and claim).	Complied
D.3 Documented procedures	3	ı
D.3.1 The site shall have written	Documented procedure for IP Module is: RSPO/SOP/COC/2 Issue No. 2 (01 Apr 2014).	Complied
procedures and/or work	1	Ī



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implementation of all the elements specified in these requirements. This shall include at minimum the following:	Module.	
a) Complete and up to date procedures covering the implementation of all the elements in these requirements	The documented procedure and its implementation was confirmed to have complied with all the specified requirements of Identity Preserved (IP) Module D that include controlling the FFB receipt, processing, sales, CPO and PK dispatch, and records keeping.	Complied
b) The role of the person having overall responsibility for and authority over the implementation of these requirements and compliance with all applicable requirements. This person shall be able to demonstrate awareness of the site's procedures for the implementation of this standard.	The respective Mill managers' i.e. Mr. Vong Pharith (Monorum mill) and Mr Wittayakorn Boonporn (Anlong Kropeu mill) has the overall responsibility and authority for implementation and compliance with the documented procedure. Both Managers and their supporting staff under their charge have been able to demonstrate satisfactory levels of competence, skill and knowledge of the RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard Module D requirements and its implementation. Interview of the Assistant Mill Managers, Ms. Payong, Mr Doung So and other relevant staff were found to be their knowledge of the RSPO Supply Chain Certification requirements for the respective areas of operations. Organization Chart and job descriptions documented. Training on the RSPO SCCS (Nov 2014) conducted on 3 Jun 2015 was verified and record of the training was maintained.	Complied
D.3.2 The facility shall have documented procedures for receiving and processing certified and non-certified FFBs.	For the period FY 2014/2015, the POMs received and processed FFB from the 3 estates only. The PMU did not receive any non-certified FFB from other sources or suppliers. All FFB supplied and received at the Mills were verified to have traceable documents at the weighbridge personnel.	Complied
D.4 Purchasing and goods in	n	
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
D.4.1 The facility shall verify and document the tonnages and sources of certified and noncertified FFBs received.	The Mills had respectively maintained records of tonnages and supply source of FFB from the respective estates at the weighbridge stations, in the delivery chits and weighbridge tickets on a daily basis. On a monthly basis these figures are reported to	
D.4.2 The facility shall inform the CB immediately if there is a projected overproduction of certified tonnage.	Both mills monitor all FFB received, CPO and PK production. The site HQ and POMs has an internal monitoring and reporting mechanism for informing the CB in the event of any projected overproduction. Todate there has been no projected overproduction.	Complied
D.5 Record keeping		•
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
D.5.1 The site shall record and balance all receipts of RSPO certified FFB and deliveries of RSPO certified CPO and PK on	The records and reports are available from the computerized system. Also, hard copies of records and reports are properly filed and readily accessible.	



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a three monthly basis		
a three-monthly basis.	were accurate, complete and updated daily. As per the SOP, the records and reports are archived and stored in the respective Mill Offices for a minimum period of 5 years. The weighbridge tickets for delivery of CPO and PK indicated the products as certified IP Module for the Monorum mill (Mill 1- old mill) which is similarly adopted by the Anlong Kropeu mill (Mill 2-	
	new mill). Transaction documents and bookkeeping of FFB, CPO and PK are done daily and monthly summary submitted to Head Office. A tonnage balance recording system that shows FFB deliveries, CPO and PK production and dispatch is balanced every 3 months.	
D.6 Processing		
Indicators	Findings and Objective Evidence	Compliance
D.6.1	Confirmed from records that the Mills only received and processed	Complied
The site shall assure and verify through documented procedures and record keeping that the RSPO certified oil palm product is kept segregated from noncertified material including during transport and storage.	certified FFB from its own estates. The processing facility has established and implemented a clear procedure and mechanism for the IP module. Review and on-site verification confirmed that the mechanism was implemented and in compliance with the module requirements at the both the mills including transport and storage.	Complica

3.1.2 Status on Supply Chain on POM:

Based on the documents and records presented during the on-site verifications made, it is concluded that the **MRICOP Grouping Mills i.e. Monorum Mill (No.1) and Anlong Kropeu Mill (No.2)** has been able to comply with the requirements of the RSPO SCCS under the 'IP' module and is thus eligible for 'IP' trading for its palm products for year 2015/2016.

3.1.3 Monitoring of CSPO and CSPK traded:

The trading of the CSPO via RSPO eTrace was monitored by the MRICOP Grouping. Presently, CSPO trading is for certified products at the Monorum POM only. The records maintained relied on internal communications of the trading done by the MRT-TCC HQ on the CSPO delivered to a European destination. The volumes of CSPO traded as verified during assessment are as follows:

	CSPO - Actual Jul 2013 – Jun 2014 (MT)	CSPK - Actual Jul 2013 – Jun 2014 (MT)	CSPO - Actual Jul 2014 – Jun 2015 (MT)	CSPK - Actual Jul 2014 – Jun 2015 (MT)
RSPO	4,719.80	0	5,583.59	0
ISCC	-	-	-	-
Total Traded	4,719.80	0	5,583.59	0
Actual Produced	23,054.11	4,569.64	23,127.96	5,009.43



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Notes:

- Based on records maintained at the Monorum POM, it was verified that the total volume of CSPO traded has not exceeded the annual certified quantity.
- All PK are exported out without claim as 'CSPK' to overseas buyers.
- There has been no trade of any CSPO or CSPK via 'Book & Claim' (GreenPalm).

3.2 Status of Identified Noncompliance and Corrective Actions, Observations and Positive Elements.

3.2.1 The status of the Noncompliances (NCR) and Observations (OBS) identified against the RSPO P&C and Cambodian Local Indicators is as per the details below:

Assessment Type	Year	Noncompliance (NCR)	Observations (OBS)	Follow up status
Initial / Main Assessment	2012	4 Minor	5	Actions taken on the NCRs and OBS verified to be effective during ASA-01.
Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-01)	2013	2 Major & 2 Minor	0	Actions taken on the NCRs verified to be effective during ASA-02.
Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-02) cum Extension of scope	2014	1 Major & 0 Minor	6	Actions taken on the NCRs and OBS verified to be effective during ASA-03.
Annual Surveillance Assessment (ASA-03) cum Extension of scope	2015	2 Major & 2 Minor	1	Next assessment (ASA-04)

Year 2014: ASA-02 (1 NCR)

NCR	CLI Indicator	Details of NCR
Major NC#	4.7.4	Date issued: 11 Jul 2014 Nonconformance:
CFK-01		The Palm Oil Mill and Estate C had only conducted one (1) meeting between the responsible persons and the workers to discuss on health, safety and welfare during the last 12 months. This was contrary to the requirement to hold regular meetings (quarterly meetings to be conducted as specified in the Safety and Health Plan dated 17/06/2014) and as specified in the RSPO indicator.



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Root Cause and Corrective Action:

The requirement to conduct regular meetings was not adhered to.

Only one meeting was conducted in early June this year. However, July onwards, the OSH one year action plan has been re-developed and the following actions have been taken:

(a) The OSH activities at the Estate A, B and C and the MRICOP palm oil mill are overseen by the main OSHE (Occupational Safety, Health and Environment) committees for plantation, chaired by the General Manager Plantations and for CPO Mill. chaired by Mill Manager, and OSH/ESG subcommittees. The main OSHE Committees shall meet every 6 months.

The OSH/ESG subcommittee is chaired by the respective Estate Manager and Mill Manager, which is represented by the respective Heads of Divisions, conductors and key staff.

- (b) The OSH/ESG subcommittee meeting is scheduled to be held every three (03) months at Estates A, B, C and the palm oil mill respectively and workers/worker representatives will be invited to attend every sub-committee meeting. The minutes of each meeting will be compiled. The minutes of the meeting held on Estate C and the MRICOP palm oil mill from 16th 17th July 2014 are attached herewith.
- (c) The OSH Plan (One Year Action Plan July 2014 -June 2015) has been reviewed and re-drawn to show the OSH activities including meetings and the activities planned for the information of all staff and workers concerned. The one year action plan that has been drawn up is attached herewith.
- (d) In addition to the general daily muster meetings now held every morning prior to commencement of daily work 1shift, it is planned to hold a muster meeting every 3 monthly once at each division in which the aspects of Safety & Health are emphasized. These meetings will be conducted by the Estate Manager or respective Head of Division. Documented evidence of each of these meetings (attendance list. photos etc.) will be kept as records.

Verification for Closure:

Off-site Verification conducted on: 24 Jul 2014 (CFK).

Root cause identified and Corrective Action implemented. Evidence submitted and verified to be satisfactory include minutes of the OSH/ESG meetings held on 16-17 Jul 2014 and the OSH Plan (One Year Action Plan Jul 2014 - Jun 2015).

NC status verified by auditor: CFK Date closed: 9 July 2015

Verification (for effectiveness): Implementation was found to be effectively maintained.

Year 2014: ASA-02 (6 Observations)

	Cambodian				Status		
Ref No:	Local Indicator	Location	Details of Observation	Opened date	Closed date	Follow up remarks (if any)	
OCL-01	Human Rights Policy 1.2.1 (also Criterion 6.13)	Palm Oil Mill and Estate B & C	The Human Rights Policy has not yet been documented and communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations.	10 Jul 2014	9 July 2015	Verified during surveillance assessment that action taken.	
OCL-02	Code of Ethical	Palm Oil	Policy of Commitment to a	10 Jul	9 July	Verified during	



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	Conduct and Integrity 1.3.1	Mill and Estate B & C	Code of Ethical Conduct and Integrity in all operations and transactions has not yet been documented and communicated to all levels of the workforce and operations.	2014	2015	surveillance assessment that action taken.
CFK-01	4.6.11 (Medical Surveillance)	Estate C	The POM and Estate B had sent the workers handling chemicals for annual medical surveillance. However, Estate C last sent the chemical sprayers for medical surveillance on 16 May 2013 but the Management had yet to send the workers for medical surveillance as at the time of assessment on 9 Jul 2014. It was noted that the medical surveillance for Estate C chemical sprayers are scheduled to be sent in Jul 2014.	9 Jul 2014	9 July 2015	Verified during surveillance assessment that action taken.
CFK-02	4.8.2 (Training records of field workers)	POM, Estate B Estate C	The management units had only completed the maintenance of records of training for the staff members, and those for the workers were in the process of being prepared.	11 Jul 2014	9 July 2015	Verified during surveillance assessment that action taken.
AL-01	5.1.3 (Stack emissions and Landfill areas)	MRICOP -POM, Estates B & C	1. At POM: Monitoring of stack emission is still ongoing including repair and upgrade required as recommended by the recently appointed contractor in Apr 2014. Observation is issued for follow up needed to ensure emission levels are brought to consistent acceptable / recommended levels applicable to Cambodia.	10 Jul 2014	9 July 2015	Verified during surveillance assessment that action taken.
			2. At Estates B and C: Designated landfill signages should be improved and proper fencing done and locations for future should be planned a few years ahead and consider minimum distance from water sources and village/ housing areas.			2. Action taken was not effective. Refer to Minor NC# SH-02 issued in ASA-03
AL-02	5.6.3 (New requirement on GHG emissions)	MRICOP POM & PMU estates	PMU has just commenced to identify and compile the data for GHG emissions. Plans to further reduce or minimise GHG emissions are yet to be established and implemented. Thus, the plans to be established will need to be followed up.	10 Jul 2014	-	Action taken was not effective. Refer to Minor NC# AL-01 issued in ASA-03



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Year 2015: Surveillance Assessment ASA-03 (4 NCRs)

NCR	CLI Indicator	Details of NO	CR			
Major	4.7.2	Date issued: 9 July 2015				
NC# CFK-01		Nonconformance: In Field J20 and Field N20 on Estate C, the harvesters did not wear safety helmet although they had been provided with it. On 7-7-2015, while travelling along the government road next to Estate B from Sihanouk Veil to Estate C office, it was noted that a group of harvesters were harvesting the tall palms with sickle, and they were not wearing safety helmet. On 8-7-2015, in Field F6 and Field H4 on Estate A, where activities such as FFB harvesting, slashing of woody plants, and road side pruning of fronds were in progress, most of the workers were not wearing protective hand gloves. Estate A Management did not provide safety helmet to visitors visiting the field where safety helmet would be needed e.g. tall palm harvesting area, as a safety precautionary measure.				
		Root Cause and Corrective Action:				
		We accept that the practice of wearing safety helmets is a must especially during harvestin activities. Our Risk Assessment does indicate that there are hazards in these jobs and safet important PPE that must be worn during work. Based on your finding and recommendation, we all workers carrying out harvesting, pruning and manual slashing work are provided with safet protective hand gloves. The above has already been implemented. Although safety training has been carried out regularly for harvesters the awareness seems to the management will ensure that this is addressed promptly through more training and supervision.				
	The estate sub-committee on OSH and the main committee chaired by the General Mar cognizance of the short coming and has implemented corrective measures. The estate manag immediate corrective action by conducting special training on the use and advantage of we performing the work at the field, essentially, wearing safety helmet and/or glove for harvest manual slashing by all concerned harvesters and workers at the Estates A, B and C right documented evidence that related training has been conducted at respective locations concerned is enclosed herewith.					
		The management will also ensure that when the visitors who come to visit the workplace such as visit to activities inside the mills or plantation, will be provided with the safety helmet. This will be implement immediately.				
		Verification for Closure:				
		Off-site verification was carried out.				
		Verified that the Corrective Actions taken were adec such as records, photographs, briefings and training is acceptable.				
		NC status verified by auditor: Closed by CFK	Date closed: 30 July 2015			
		Verification (for effectiveness): At next assessment				

NCR	Indicator	Details of NCR
Major	5.2.2	Date issued: 9 July 2015
NC# SH-01		Nonconformance:
011-01		a) Buffer zones and markers at the following locations are not adequately mapped out and demarcated:
		i) Conservation area i.e. small Hill (Estate C)
		ii) Water Reservoirs (Estate C) iii) New Effluent ponds (Estate C)
		b) Signages sharing boundary near Community Forest areas are not sufficient constructed and clearly placed.



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Root Cause and Corrective Action:
The points raised have been noted and immediate action has been taken to rectify the situation.
The following corrective actions have been taken to address the issues raised: - The two small hills at the Estate C, that has been left unplanted, will be marked as conservation areas on the map; while on the ground, a big signage marked "conservation area" will be prominently placed to inform all stakeholders especially the public that the area is protected and the trees are not to be felled and no burning. In addition, distinct boundary markers painted with the standardized colors of red and white will be placed around the hills. The Management also plans to conduct awareness training to the plantation workers the majority of whom are coming from the surrounding villages on the meaning, concept and preservation of the conservation area and they in turn can spread the message to the village community.
With regards to the water reservoirs and new effluent ponds at Estate C, as above the estate management will install signage "Conservation area" and shall place buffer markers painted with red and white paint around these sites. Proper signage and painted markers will be installed to clearly identify the boundary with the Community Forest area. In addition, the Management has agreed and informed the Head of the Community Forest that it will sponsor the signage for the Conservation Area and its erection at site
The documented photographic evidence to indicate that the-corrective actions have been taken is attached herewith.
Verification for Closure:
Off-site verification was carried out.
Verified that the Corrective Actions taken were adequate and is supported by evidences such as records, photographs, briefings and training records, as submitted on 28 July 2015 which is acceptable.
NC status verified by auditor: Closed by SH Date closed: 30 July 2015
Verification (for effectiveness): At next assessment

NCR	Indicator	Details of No	CR
Minor 5.3.3		Date issued: 9 July 2015	
NC# SH-02		Nonconformance:	
		Landfills for domestic waste disposal are not ac proper with inadequate signages and littering at Monorum Mill (Mill 1).	
		Root Cause and Corrective Action:	
		The management of Estate A and Monorum Mill has taken imprecising landfills by relocating them to the proper location alon Awareness training was conducted for respective workers on waste. In addition a definite plan will be drawn up on future exones that are progressively filled.	g with the placement of signage at site. proper techniques of disposal for domestic
		Please find enclosed the documented evidence to indicate the raised in the report has been addressed.	t the corrective action for this non conformance
		Verification for Closure:	
		Off-site verification was carried out.	
		Verified that the Corrective Actions taken were adea such as records, photographs, briefings and training is acceptable.	
		NC status verified by auditor: Closed by SH	Date closed: 30 July 2015
		Verification (for effectiveness): At next assessment	



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NCR	Indicator	Details of NO	CR			
Minor	5.6.3	Date issued: 9 July 2015				
NC# AL-01		Nonconformance:				
AL-VI		Greenhouse gas (GHG) calculations using RSPO PalmGHG is not the latest version to be used i.e. version 2.1.1 and the data has not yet been submitted to RSPO for review and endorsement by RSPO prior to the audit.				
		Root Cause and Corrective Action:				
		The new version of the RSPO Palm GHG Calculator Ver 2.1.1 has been downloaded. Based on data of from the 3 estates and the palm oil mill for Year 2014 the GHG emission value for MRICOP mill has be worked out. The Report will be sent to the RSPO secretariat for endorsement and a copy to the CB enherewith as evidence.				
		Verification for Closure:				
		Off-site verification was carried out.				
		Verified that the Corrective Actions taken were adequate and is supported by evidence o submission and the response made from the RSPO Secretariat on 28 July 2015.				
		NC status verified by auditor: Closed by AL	Date closed: 30 July 2015			
		Verification (for effectiveness): At next assessment				

Year 2015: ASA-03 (1 Observation)

	Combodies			Status		
Ref No:	Cambodian Local Indicator	Location	Details of Observation	Opened date	Closed date	Follow up remarks (if any)
OBS# CFK-01	4.7.5 (First Aid Kits)	Palm Oil Mill and Estate A & C	First Aid Kits were available at the Mills and estates. It is noted that several items were used but regular checking not recorded. Also there was no list of items for checking and topping up of the medicines in the kits.	9 July 2015	-	Next assessment (ASA-04)

Note: The progress made on the observations listed will be reviewed during the subsequent surveillance assessment on the action and implementations taken.

3.2.2 Identified Positive Elements

- Social and community support provided in the clinics, schools and worship temples within the vicinity of the estates
- 2. Long term employment and steady income for the local community and nearby villagers.
- 3. Overall contribution to the economic and social development of the people of Cambodia.

3.3 Summary of Feedback Received from Stakeholders and Findings

Prior to and during the Assessment, written and verbal feedback communicated from the stakeholders on the environmental and social performance of the PMU operations were sourced. All pertinent feedback issues were reviewed and followed up for verification and these had been accordingly incorporated into the report findings. See table below:



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Year 2015: ASA-03

Communication done via email on 3 June 2015 to various categories of stakeholders (see list under para 2.5):

Stakeholders' Feedback	PMU Response	CB verification / comments	Follow up comments (if any)
Government Agencies: No feedback received.	No response needed	Verified no response needed	Nil
Non-Governmental Organizations: No feedback received.	No response needed	Verified no response needed	Nil
Local Communities: During the assessment from 6-9 Jul 2015, on-site interviews and stakeholders consultations with internal stakedolders such as staff and workers and external stakeholders including villagers, village heads, contractors, school teachers, military and police personnels was conducted.			
 Positive comments include: Landfilling at the foundation site for the building of the Veal Meas Pagoda Provide ambulance transport to needy villagers Maintenace of village roads on request Maintenance of school classes and compound on request. Allow cattle farmers free access into the estates for cattle grazing. Stakeholders generally confirm that the PMU provide work opportunities to villagers thereby lifting some of them out of unemployment and poverty. There are no negative comments from the 	The PMU will continue to contribute to the development of the villages and local communities and provide assistance to the needy whenever possible.	To be followed up during the next Annual Surveillance Assessment.	
Stakeholders Consultation. Other Interested parties:	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nil		1 411	1 411

Year 2014: ASA-02

Communication done via email on 30 May 2014 to various categories of stakeholders:

Stakeholders' Feedback	PMU Response	CB verification / comments	Follow up comments (if any)
Government Agencies			
No feedback received.	There has been no feedback / enquiries received from any government Agencies concerning the operations of the PMU.	Verified during on-site assessment that there has been no issues from any Government Agencies concerning the	No further action needed.



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		PMU's operations.	
Non-Governmental Organizations		·	
Feedback received.	A positive feedback was received from Neth Vibol of Wildlife Alliance (neth@wildlifealliance.org) via email dated 20 Jun 204. The comments were essentially on the responsible approach taken by MRICOP in relation to environmental protection and benefits to the local communities.	Verified that the operations of MRICOP had implemented measures to conserve natural resources and provide benefits and supports to the local communities.	No further action needed.
Local Communities			
On-site consultation and feedback sesssions were held during the assessment with various categories of stakeholders comprising of Village heads, Contractors Local community (School & Clinics), Government agencies, etc. and also employees/ workers were interviewed during the on-site assessment. Concerns and requests raised include: • Workers have to bring their own drinking water - Possibility of PMU to provide safe drinking water for workers • Requst for fencing around the school and repairs of gate and toilet. • A reported case in year 2013 of intrusion of wild elephants into Kampung Seila village. Positive comments include: • Contributions given to the local communities. • Medical checks and assistance given at the estate clinics. • Adequate positive measures in the social and environmental related issues such as providing employment, protection of natural resources and prevention of pollution. • Good road maintenance.	The PMU will consider the requests raised and take appropriate actions. Budget for safe drinking water was approved and treated drinking water storage was made available at the Mills for all workers. Budget for fencing and repairs at the school was approved. There will be better monitoring at the said village for any wild elephants intrusion and record made on such events.	Followed up during ASA-03. Verified that safe drinking water was made available for the workers at the PMU. Fencing and school repairs was completed. Monitoring records was available. There has been no further incidences any wildlife intrusion at the said village in 2014 and 2015 todate.	Based on feedback from stakeholders' consultations and interviews during the ASA-03 assessment, there was positive feedback that improvement actions had been taken to address the concerns.
	Nii	Nii	NII
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil



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4.0 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

Based on the findings above, Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd., MRICOP had been able to demonstrate its compliance with the RSPO Principles and Criteria (Apr 2013), Cambodian Local Indicators (2014) and the RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standard (Nov 2014) for Palm Oil Mill.

Therefore, it is recommended that the certification of Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd., MRICOP be approved and continued.

Signed for and on behalf of Intertek Certification International Sdn Bhd

Mr. Augustine Loh Lead Assessor

Date: 04 Aug 2015

4.1 Acknowledgement of Internal Responsibility and Confirmation of Assessment Findings

This is to acknowledge and confirm the assessment visits described in this report and the acceptance of the contents and findings in this assessment report.

Signed for and on behalf of Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd (MRICOP)

Mr. Sumate Pratumsuwan MD – Agriculture/Oil Palm

Date: 05 Aug 2015



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4.2 Intertek RSPO Certificate Details for MRICOP Grouping

Certificate No:	RSPO 928088
Issue date:	15 Aug 2012
Expiry date:	14 Aug 2017
New Certificate date:	15 Aug 2015
Organization	Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd (MRICOP)
Address of Head Office:	#52, St. 598 Sangkat Boeung Kak II, Khan Toul Kork, Phnom Penh, Cambodia.
RSPO Membership No:	1-0109-11-000-00
Plantation Management Unit:	MRICOP Grouping
Standards:	RSPO Principles and Criteria (Apr 2013); Cambodian Local Indicators (2014); RSPO Supply Chain Certification Standards (Nov 2014) for the Palm Oil Mill.
Certification scope:	Production of Crude Palm Oil and Palm Kernels
Supply Chain model for CPO & PK:	Identity Preserved (IP)

Details of Mills and Supply bases covered by this certificate and the tonnage approved are:

Name	Address	GPS Re	Certified	
Name	Address	Latitude	Longitude	Area (ha)
Monorum Palm Oil Mill Capacity: 30 MT/hour	Mong Reththy Investment Cambodia Oil Palm Co. Ltd., National Road 4, Monorum, Choeung Kor, Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Cambodia.	10° 57' 34.9" N	103° 54' 28.2" E	
Anlong Kropeu Palm Oil Mill Capacity: 45 MT/hour	MRT-TCC Sugar Investment Co. Ltd., National Road 4, Anlong Kropeu, Choeung Kor, Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk Province, Cambodia.	10°49' 04.2" N	103°48' 33.1" E	
Estate A (Tapoa)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 49' 04.2" N	103° 48' 33.1" E	24,831.43
Estate B (Svay)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 52' 15.5" N	103° 51' 05.3" E	
Estate C (Anlong Kropeu)	National Road 4, Sangkat Cheung Kor, Khan Prey Nop, Preah Sihanouk province, Kingdom of Cambodia.	10° 57' 34.9" N	103° 54' 28.2" E	



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The annual certified tonnages of CPO and PK production by MRICOP from the supply base as verified during the current assessment are detailed as follows:

Monorum Mill

РОМ	POM FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual		FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected
Total Certified FFB Processed (MT)	127,948.41	80,040.09	41,355
Total Certified CPO	IP 21,279.66	14 542 00	7,526.61
Production (MT)	SG 1,774.45	14,543.08	7,320.01
Total Certified PK	IP 4,217.92	2.009.40	4 574 40
Production (MT)	SG 351.72	3,008.10	1,571.49
SCCS Model for POM	SCCS Model for POM IP/SG		IP

Anlong Kropeu Mill (Note)

РОМ	POM FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual		FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected
Total Certified FFB Processed (MT)	Not Applicable	45,278.91	96,495
Total Certified CPO Production (MT)	Not Applicable	8,584.88	18,334.05
Total Certified PK Production (MT) Not Applicable		2,001.33	4,342.28
SCCS Model for POM	Not Applicable	IP	IP

Note. Application for inclusion of this new POM for Multiple Mill Certification was confirmed by the RSPO Secretariat on 21 March 2015

The annual total production output from the MRICOP grouping of estates and mills are as per below:

POM FY Jul 2013 / Jun 2014 Actual		FY Jul 2014 / Jun 2015 Actual	FY Jul 2015 / Jun 2016 Projected	
Total Certified FFB Processed (MT)	127,948.41	125,319	137,850	
Total Certified CPO	IP 21,279.66	23,127.96 25,860.66		
Production (MT)	SG 1,774.45	23,127.90	23,000.00	
Total Certified PK	IP 4,217.92	E000 43	5 042 77	
Production (MT)	SG 351.72	5009.43	5,913.77	
SCCS Model for POM IP/SG		IP	IP	



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Appendix A:

Qualifications of Lead Assessor and Assessment Team

Mr. Augustine Loh (AL) - Lead Assessor / Team Leader / Technical Expert

(Palm Oil Mill, Environment, Social, Conservation & HCV area, GAP, IPM, Land Use and Supply Chain) – Master in Business Administration, USA and Diploma in Maritime Studies, Singapore

Mr. Augustine Loh is an IRCA Third Party Assessment (TPA) Lead Auditor and IRCA Lead Tutor for IRCA ISO 9001 and OHSAS 18001 Lead Auditor Courses as well as Tutor for RSPO Certification Programs and Integrated Management System in Intertek, Malaysia. He has over 25 years of fieldwork and experience in Palm based product survey, supply chain monitoring, inspection and testing. He has successfully completed the IRCA accredited Lead Auditor course in ISO 9001, ISO 14001, OHSAS 18001, ISO 22001, ISO 27001, RSPO Principles and Criteria Lead Assessor Course, RSPO Supply Chain Certification and the International Sustainable Carbon Certification (ISCC) Lead Auditor courses. He has also completed the RSPO training on RSPO P&C, RSPO Palm GHG tool and RSPO RED requirements. He has conducted assessments of organizations in Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Brunei, Thailand, Cambodia and Australia. He is currently the RSPO Regional Program Manager of Intertek Certification International, Malaysia and has performed over 800 auditing days on quality, environmental and safety & health assessments in various sectors including oil palm plantations. He was the RSPO CB Assessment Team Leader / Member which audited several RSPO certified Plantation Management Units since 2009. He was the CB Team Leader in the stakeholder consultation and development of the RSPO Cambodian Local Indicators. He is a member of the CB Internal Review Panel for RSPO Assessment reports since 2010.

Mr. Chen Fai Kok (CFK) - Assessor / Technical Expert

Palm Oil Mill, Good Agriculture Practice and Integrated Pest Management)

- Diploma in Agriculture

Mr. Chen Fai Kok has over 30 years work experience in the plantation sector. He has held a Senior Management role in the estate field operations including GAP and IPM. He had also served as the Branch Chairman of the Incorporated Society of Planters (ISP) in several branches for over 20 years. He has successfully completed training in Estate Management and the Intertek In House RSPO P&C, MYNI and Cambodian LI Assessor courses. He is a member of the RSPO CB Assessment team which audited several RSPO certified Plantation Management Units since 2009.

Mdm. Ham Fin Lan (HFL) – Assessor / Technical Expert (Social)

- Bachelor Science in Nursing Science

Madam Ham Fin Lan has over 30 years experience in nursing including public health, maternal and child health and mental health. She was a Chief Nursing Administrator cum Matron and Clinical Instructor with a government hospital. She has successfully completed the IRCA accredited Lead Auditor course in ISO 9001:2000. She has also completed the necessary training in SA8000 auditing and upgrading of auditor course in ISO 9001:2008 and was trained on the RSPO P&C MY-NI assessment requirements. She has performed over 60 auditing days on areas relating to health care and services in various hospitals and clinics. Other auditing experiences include auditing in areas covering domestic violence, sexual harassment, sexual crime and child abuse. She was part of the RSPO Assessment team which audited several RSPO certified Plantation Management Units since 2009. She was a CB Team member in the stakeholder consultation and development of the RSPO Cambodian Local Indicators.

Mr. Sazali bin Hasni (SH) - Assessor / Technical Expert

(Environment, Conservation and HCV area)

- Bachelor of Science (Forestry)

Mr. Sazali Hasni has over 25 years work experience in the forestry sector. He is an IRCA Auditor for ISO 9001 and auditor for the PEFC Chain-of-Custody Certification. He has successfully completed training in the Intertek In House RSPO P&C, MYNI Assessor course. He was a member in the stakeholder consultation and development of the Malaysian Criteria & Indicators (MC&I) for Forest management Certification. He has been involved in the auditing of Forest Management Certification for the Perak State Forestry Department and Pahang State Forestry Department. He has also been involved with a German based company in testing their criteria for carbon tracing in an oil palm plantation in 2011. He had also acted as the regional consultant to International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO) for the Asia Pacific region in the Evaluation and Monitoring of Projects funded by the organization from 1994 to 1998. Projects funded are mainly forestry related such as reforestation, conservation, community forestry apart from other research based projects. He is a member of the RSPO CB Assessment team which audited several RSPO certified Plantation Management Units since 2014.



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Mr. Reaksa Rous (RR) - Local Expert

(Local Expert cum Interpreter)

- Master in Political Science & International Relations, Diploma in Criminology & Crime Administration, BBA in Management

Mr. Reaksa Rous had held several work positions since 1991 till to date as a Teacher, Lecturer, Trainer, Interpreter and Consultant. He has over 10 years experience and knowledge of Cambodian laws and regulations including Agriculture, Social and Environmental related laws. His experiences include specialization in Khmer Literature, Drug Enforcement Law, Nature Crime Investigation on Wildlife and Labor Migration Policies and Management. He was a CB Local Technical Expert cum Interpreter in the stakeholder consultation and development of the RSPO Cambodian Local Indicators in 2012.

Mr. Yin Soeum (YS) - Local Expert

(Local Expert cum Interpreter)

- Master in Political Science & Public Administration (University of Poly-Technology)

Mr. Yin Soeum had held several work positions since 1990 till to date as a Reporter, HR Officer, Trainer, Interpreter and Consultant. He has over 10 years experience and knowledge of Cambodian laws and regulations including Agriculture, Social and Environmental related laws. His experiences include specialization in Khmer Literature, Human Rights, Demining, Sanitation & Environment and Labor Migration Policies and Management.

He was engaged as a CB Local Expert cum Interpreter for the RSPO P&C and Cambodian Local Indicators in July 2015.



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Appendix B:

Assessment Plan (Actual)

Date	Time		Assesso	ors and Assessment	t Activity	
				Asssessment Team	1	
	8.00 am –		Travel by	Flight to Phnom Per	nh, airport	
06/07/15	11.00 am					
D4	11.00 am –	Travel b	y road to MRICOP gr	ouping Palm Oil Mill	(POM) Office at Siha	noukville
Day 1	1.00 noon					
	1.00 pm –			Lunch Break		
	2.00 pm 2.00 -2.30		Opening Meeting	and Briefing at MRI	COD DOM Office	
	pm			representatives from		
	Pili		(to be attended by t	representatives from	the Estates as well)	
	2.30 -5.00	AL	SZ	CFK	HFL	RR & YS
	pm	Site assessment	Site assessment	Site assessment	Site assessment	Site assessment
		at Palm Oil Mill	at Palm Oil Mill	at Palm Oil Mill	at Palm Oil Mill	at Palm Oil Mill
		• P1	• P2 Laws &	• P2 Laws &	• P2 Laws &	Assisting Assisting
		Transparency • P2 Laws &	regulations • P5	regulations • P4 Best	regulations • P6 Employees,	Auditors • P2 Laws &
		regulations	Environmental.	Practices at Mill	Individuals &	regulations
		P3 Economic &	Conservation.	P8 Continual	Communities	• P4 –P8
		Financial	Practices at Mill	Improvement	incl. Gender	V 1 4 -1 0
		Viability	P8 Continual	Improvement	Issues at Mill	
		P8 Continual	Improvement		 P8 Continual 	
		Improvement			Improvement	
		 Supply Chain 				
		for POM				
		(SCCS)				
		- Degument Davis	Designant Devices and Assessment by all Assessment an appropriate DCDC D2014 to 0 of DCM			1.1 to 9 at DOM
		 Document Review and Assessment by all Assessors on respective RSPO P&C:1 to 8 at POM Review of changes for compliance to revised RSPO P&C, CLI and SCCS 			7. 1 to 6 at POW	
				TEVISEU NOFO FAC,	CLI allu SCCS	
		 Review of Time Bound Plan Verification for compliance with rules on partial certification Verification and follow up on NCs and Obs issued in previous assessment 				
		verification and follow up on NCs and Obs issued in previous assessment				
	5.00 pm –	Travel to Hotel & Break				
	6.00 pm					
	6.00 pm –		Tear	n Meeting and Discu	ssion	
	7.00 pm					

Date	Time		Assesso	ors and Assessment	Activity	
		AL	SZ	CFK	HFL	RR & YS
07/07/15	8.30 am – 12.30pm	Site assessment at New Mill (2)	Site assessment at Estate C	Site assessment at Estate C	Site assessment at Estate C	Site assessment at Estate C
Day 2	12.00pm	• P1	• P2 Laws &	• P2 Laws &	• P2 Laws &	Assisting
		Transparency P2 Laws & regulations P3 Economic & Financial Viability P8 Continual Improvement Supply Chain for POM (SCCS)	regulations P5 Environmental, Conservation, Practices at Estate & Mill P8 Continual Improvement	regulations • P4 Best Practices at Estate & Mill • P8 Continual Improvement	regulations • P6 Employees, Individuals & Communities incl. Gender Issues at Estate • P8 Continual Improvement	Auditors P2 Laws & regulations P4 –P8
	12.30 pm – 1.30 pm			Lunch Break		
	1.30 pm - 5.00 pm	Continue site assessment at New Mill (2)	Continue site assessment at Estate C	Continue site assessment at Estate C	Continue site assessment at Estate C	Continue site assessment at Estate C
	5.00 pm –		Т	ravel to Hotel & Brea	k	l



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6.00 pm	
6.00 pm -	Team Meeting and Discussion
7.00 pm	

Date	Time		Assesso	ors and Assessment	Activity	
		AL	SZ	CFK	HFL	RR & YS
08/07/15	8.30 am – 12.30pm	Site assessment at Old Mill (1)	Site assessment at Old Mill (1)	Site assessment at Old Mill (1)	Site assessment at Old Mill (1)	Site assessment at Old Mill (1)
Day 3		P1 Transparency P2 Laws & regulations P3 Economic & Financial Viability P8 Continual Improvement Supply Chain for POM (SCCS)	P2 Laws & regulations P5 Environmental, Conservation, Practices at Mill / Estate P8 Continual Improvement	P2 Laws & regulations P4 Best Practices at Mill /Estate P8 Continual Improvement	P2 Laws & regulations P6 Employees, Individuals & Communities incl. Gender Issues at Mill / Estate P8 Continual Improvement	Assisting Auditors P2 Laws & regulations P4 –P8
	12.30 pm – 1.30 pm			Lunch Break		
	1.30 pm - 5.00 pm	Continue site assessment at Old Mill (1)	Site assessment at Estate A P2 Laws & regulations P5 Environmental, Conservation, Practices at Mill P8 Continual Improvement	Site assessment at Estate A P2 Laws & regulations P4 Best Practices at Mill P8 Continual Improvement	Site assessment at Estate A P2 Laws & regulations P6 Employees, Individuals & Communities incl. Gender Issues P8 Continual Improvement	Site assessment at Estate A • Assisting Auditors • P2 Laws & regulations • P4 –P8
	5.00 pm – 6.00 pm 6.00 pm –			ravel to Hotel & Bream Meeting and Discus		
	7.00 pm					

Date	Time	Assessors and Assessment Activity						
		AL	AL SZ CFK HFL RR & YS					
09/07/15	8.30 am – 12.30pm	Site asse	ssment at POM or	estates to follow up	on any specific cri	teria/areas		
Day 4	12.30 pm – 1.30 pm			Lunch Break				
	1.30 pm -	Stakeholders' Con	sultation on the fo	llowing categories (s	ee Notes 1 and 2 b	pelow):		
	4.00 pm	 Contractors 						
		 Suppliers 						
		 Transporters 						
		• NGOs						
		Government Department / Agencies Local Community						
			Settlers, in the case of independent and organized smallholders.					
	Notes 1. It is mandatory for the PMU to inform Intertek and provide the information (as a minimum t stakeholders in each applicable category and contact number) on the stakeholders <u>prior</u> to the assessment.							
		2. This will facilitate the random and impartial selection of stakeholders (including independent and organized smallholders, where applicable) and to meet the sample size requirement.						
	4.00 pm –	Preparation for Closing Meeting						
	5.00 pm							
	5.00 pm –	Team Meeting and Discussions with PMU Management Representative						
	5.30 pm		J		•			
	5.30 pm –		Closing Meeti	ng & Briefing at Palm	Oil Mill Office			
	6.00 pm		J	•				



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6.00	pm –	Travel to Hotel & Break
7.00	pm	

Date	Time	Assessors and Assessment Activity
10/07/15 Day 5	8.00 am onward	Travel from Sihanoukville back to Phnom Penh
11/07/15	Morning	Flight back from Phnom Penh to Kuala Lumpur

Appendix C-1:

Location Map of MRICOP, Cambodia (Map Scale 1:100km)





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Appendix C-1-2:

Location Map of MRICOP Choeung Kor Commune, Prey Nop District,

Sihanoukville, Cambodia (Map Scale 1: 20km)



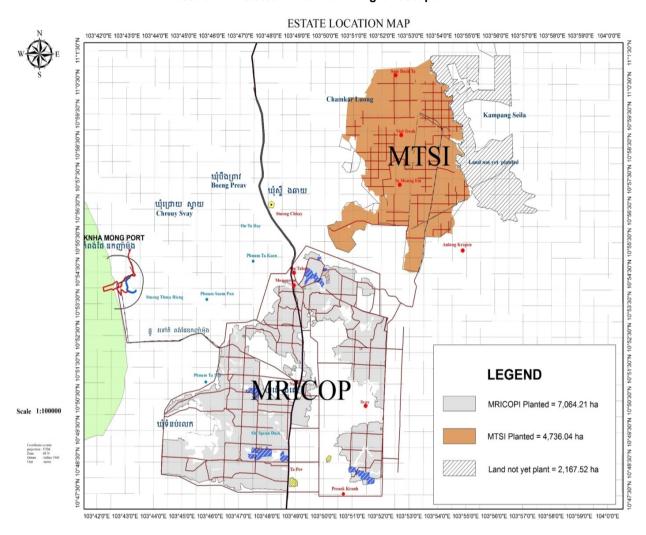


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Appendix C-2:

Location of Estates and surrounding landscape



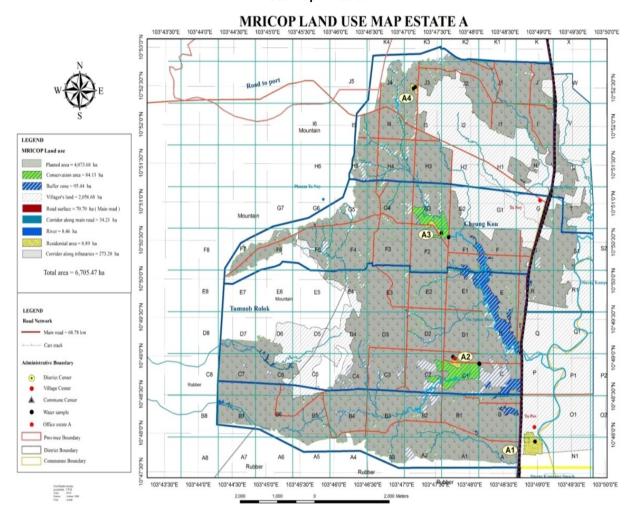


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Appendix C-2-1:

Land Use Map - Estate A



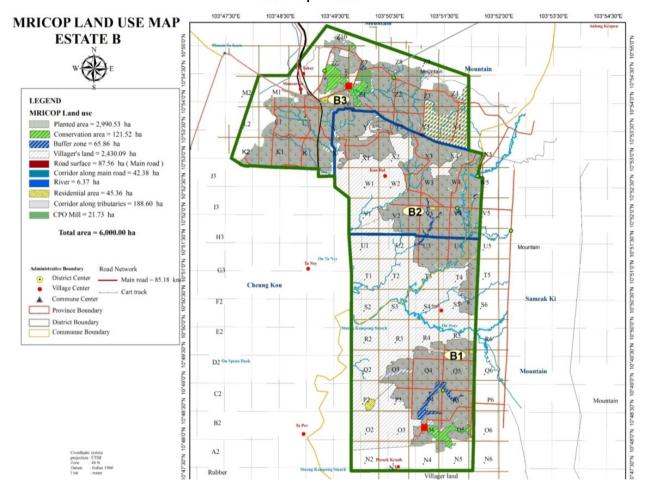


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Appendix C-2-2:

Land Use Map - Estate B





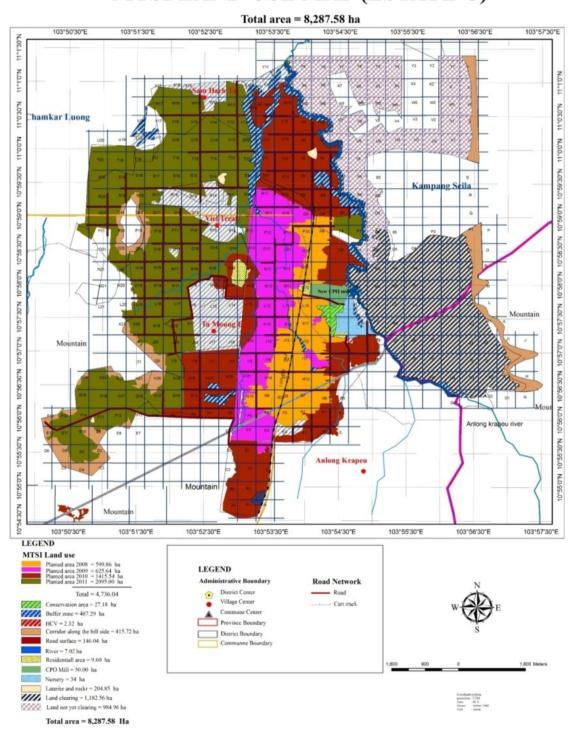
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Appendix C-2-3:

Land Use Map - Estate C

MTSI LAND USE MAP (ESTATE C)





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Appendix D:

Photographs taken at MRICOP Grouping (ASA-03)



At the Group Mill office, assessors given briefing and presentation on the overall performance and changes at the PMU.



The entrance to new mill at Anlong Krapeu.



At new POM, safety signages for appropriate PPE to be worn in English and 'Khmer' languages.



At new POM generator operations, Policy and Procedures displayed available in English and 'Khmer' languages and appropriate PPE worn.



At new POM, layout of the effluent treatment ponds.



At new POM, weighbridge facility



INTERTEK CERTIFICATION INTERNATIONAL SDN BHD (188296-W)

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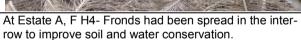




At Estate C, F J20- Harvester not wearing safety helmet although it had been provided.

At Estate C, F U24- Inter-row ploughed for planting of cover crop.







At Estate A, F H4- Contents in the First Aid Kits.



Estate A, F H4- Slashing gang with safety helmet and boots, but not wearing hand gloves.



Estate A, F J1- Stream after crossing culvert, no marking of buffer zone and signage for buffer zone.



INTERTEK CERTIFICATION INTERNATIONAL SDN BHD (188296-W)

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Medical services include ambulance available for any emergency cases

Stakeholder consultations conducted with the local Community representatives and village heads.

Appendix E:

Time Bound Plan

At present, there are no other management units owned under MRICOP.

---End of Report--